Israel denies clash with Syrians

BEIRUT (R) - Beirut Radio stations aaid Saturday the Syrian and Israeli armies traded shellfire after two Israeli soldiers were killed in an attack Friday night, but Israel dismissed the report as nonsense. The right-wing" Voice of Lebanon" radio said the two soldiers were killed and five wounded when an Israeli patrol was attacked near the Bekaa Valley town of Jib Jenin in eastern Lebanon. The Syrian and Israeli armies exchanged artillery fire for half an hour after the incident, the radio said, quoting "press observers." A similar report was carried by state-run Beirut Radio. But an Israeli military spokesman outside Beirut said the reports were nonsense. He said there were no Israeli casualties in eastern Lebanon Saturday or Friday night, nor any reports of incidents between the Syrian and Israeli armies.



Libya welcomes OAU appeal

BEIRUT (R) - Libya Saturday welcomed an Organisation of African Unity (OAU) appeal for an immediate ceasefire in Chad. reconciliation and an end to foreign intervention. The Libyan news agency JANA, in a despatch monitored in Beirut, said Lihya 'welcomed and supported the statement." It showed that the OAU was determined to solve the Chad problem in an "African framework." JANA said. "It is a problem that concerns the OAU. thus forcing out all the parties outside the African continent especially the imperialist countries. The Libvan news agency added. Libya was ready to cooperate fully with the OAC in all efforts to bring about peace and security without foreign intervention in Chad, it said. The Chad government has accused Libya of backing the rebels in the conflict raging in the vast landlocked African country, but Tripoli has denied the charge.

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Italian jets intercept Tarom

AEWE.

4 6

ROME (R1 — Italian air force jet fighters Saturday intercepted a Romanian airliner which had entered Italian airspace without authorisation and escorted it out. The Tarom Airways BAC-11t on a flight from Libya to Romania. was intercepted by two Starfighter jets as it flewover Crotone in southern ltaly, an air force official said.

Typhoon Vera nears Hong Kong

HONG KONG (R) - Typhoon Vera, which has killed 18 people in a trial of destruction through the Philippines. moved closer to Hong Kong Saturday night on its way towards the South China coast. A "strong wind" warning was issued and the weather bureau here said Vera was expected to continue on a northwesterly course towards the British colony. Some ferry services in the British colony have already been disrupted, and the weather bureau warned the public not to delay in taking precautions against the

India wants safeguard in no-war pact

KARACHI (R) - A proposed no-war pact between India and Pakisian will deny use of bases to superpowers, the Indian ambsador to Pakistan, K.D. Sharma, said in an interview published Saturday, Mr. Sharma told the Karachi's Daily News that India was not worried if the bases obtained by the United States in Pakistan would be used against India. What worried India was that if the two countries became involved in superpower proxy battles their own people would be killed, he added.

13 ethnic Albanians jailed in Yugoslavia

BELGRADE (R1 - A Yugoslav court Saturday sentenced a group of 13 young ethnic Albanians to jail terms of between four months and 12 years for anti-state activities and spreading hostile propaganda. The court in the town of Pec. 211 kilometres from the Albanian border in the southern Yug-oslav province of Kosovo, said all 13 were members of an illegal Albanian nationalist group which simed to undermine the unity of Yugoslavia by separating Kosovo from the federation.

Jewish zealots stone Sabbath violators

TEL AVIV (R) - Ultraorthodox Jews protesting against what they regard as desecration of the Sabbath injured a woman driver Saturday when they threw stones at Israeli cars in Jerusalem. Israel Radio said. The woman was huri by a stone hurled through the windscreen of a car she was driving in the suburb of Ramot.

Policeman shot in N. Ireland

CASTLEWELLAN. Northern Ireland (R) - An 18-year-old policeman was shot and wounded b) snipers as he directed traffic Saturday, police said. Gunmen opened fire from a house they seized Friday night, taking the occupants hostage, the police said. The gunmen fled in a stolen car after the shooting.

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Shi'ite Muslims demonstrate against clashes in Beirut

Israelis shoot down protester in S.Lebanon

BEIRUT (R) — Israeli troops killed a demonstrator in southern Lebanon Saturday as Shi'ite Muslims in some parts of the country staged protests over Friday's clashes between the Lebanese army and gunmen in Bei-

said the dead man had been with a Shi ite district of Beirut, network group of protesters blockading roads near the centre of the southern port of Tyre.

where newspapers estimated that six people were killed and 20 wounded in Friday's fighting. many shops shut down Saturday in the protest called by the Shi ite paramilitary organisation Amal. Amal supporters and Lebanese

army troops battled for more than eight hours after security forces had tried to evict Shi ite refugees who were using an old Jewish school as a school for their children. Saturday morning, army veh-

icles stood at every entrance to the decaying Shi'ite quarter where the fighting took place. Soldiers searched cars entering and leaving

Some food stores were open but most shops were closed. " It is all very calm now." a sta-

llholder said. "I have not seen any arrests this morning." In other Shi ite areas of Beirut. such as the southern suburbs, the

strike call had a mixed effect. But the radio station of the leftist Murabitoun organisation said the shopkeepers' strike had effectively closed down Israelioccupied South Lebanon for the

Shi ite villages near the port of Sidon joined the protest shutdown, a Reuter correspondent in

the area reported. Three members of a television erving the strike. news team from the American ABC network were held by Lebanese military security for 90 min-

By Lamis K. Andoni

in Tripoli

This north Lebanese port city obs-

erved a general strike Saturday in

protest against clashes Friday

between the Lebanese army and

Amal Shi'ite gunmen in Beirut.

Tripoli is considered to be one

of the main strongholds of the opponents of the Lebanese-Israeli

troop withdrawal agreement of

May 17 and various Lebanese and

Palestinian groups here accuse the

government in Beirut of aiming to.

spread "Falangist hegemony."
President Amin Gemayer's fat-

her. Pierre, is one of the founders

engaged in a bloody civil war with

Lebanese leftists in 1975-76 and

immediately after Mr. Gemayel

assumed the presidency in 1982

the leftists feared he would impose

Falangist control all over the cou-

ntry. The mood in Tripoli now-

Meanwhile, a senior Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO)

official elaimed Friday that an

an Arab country, which he did not identify by name, and dissidents in

adays reflects such an attitude.

An Israeli military spokesman utes after being detained in a

bureau chief Charles Glass said. Mr. Glass said they were treated correctly and allowed to take all In mainly Muslim west Beirut. their videotape and equipment where newspapers estimated that when released.

Highway cut

State-run Beirut Radio later reported that unidentified armed men had cut the highway between Beirul and Damascus at the Ta' anayel crossroads in the Bekaa

They burned tyres and traffic was paralysed, the radio said. A student travelling to the central Bekaa town of Zahle was kidnapped at an armed checkpoint in the Baalbek area to the northeast, the radio added.

Lebanon's traditional Shi ite leadership Saturday called on the community to support the Lebanese government and army.

But the Druze dominated Pro-

gressive Socialist Party (PSP) voiced full support for the peaceful strike called by the radical Shi ite Amal militia group, whose supporters fought the army Friday.
A PSP statement blamed Leb-

anese officials for the fighting. Eyewitnesses, reporting on Saturday's protest, said most shops in Shi ite strongholds in the poor southern suburbs of Beirut were closed. In fashionable shopping areas of west Beirui, about half the stores were reported obs-

(Continued nn page 3)

PLO official says revolt backed by pact with an Arab country

Tripoli protests Beirut clashes

where under the terms of the agr-

eement it was expected of the reb-

els"not to succumb to any Arabor

international pressure aimed at

ending the revolt," even before

The PLO official, who asked

not to be identified publicly, was

talking at a meeting in the Badawi

Palestinian refugee camp in Tri-

poli. The meeting was attended by

PLO forces Deputy Commander

Khalil Al Wazir (Abu Jihad).

bers Hail Abdul Hamid (Abu Al

Hol). and Mohammad Ghneim

(Abu Maher). The official said

that the alleged 30-point agr-

revolt between the rebels and that

Arab country," stipulated that in

return for a rebel pledge that they

would not concede to any med-

iation attempt, the unnamed Arab

country would provide full sup-

port (by the unnamed Arab cou-

ntry) provided they went all the

way in their rebellion." the official

"all the way". but apparently it

meant taking over the Fatch mov-

"They were promised full sup-

port for the mutiny.

Fateh Central Committee mem-

the rebellion erupted in May.



se army officer relaxes on top of an armnared personnel carrier keeping watch on the predominantly Shi'ile Muslim area of Bourj Al Brajaneh near Beirut Saturday, Inllowing Friday's vio-

lent clashes in the Lebanese capital between the Lebanese army and Shi'ite gunmen tA.P. wir-

Heavy shelling pounds Beirut suburbs

BEIRUT (R1 - Heavy shelling erupted around the edge of Beirut and in Lebanon's central Shouf mountains Saturday night, apparently between rightist and Druze militias.

Lebanese state-run radio and

television said the shelling, much of it clearly visible from central Beirut, lasted more than an hour before a ceasefire restored relative calm. Radio stations said at least a

dozen people were wounded in the mountain artillery exchanges. Casualties in the Beirut suburbs were not immediately known.

The shelling on the sou-theastern edge of the capital was the most intense for many months. The Falangist radio su its listeners to shelter in their basements as shells crashed into mainly rightist suburbs at a rate of several rounds and minute. apparently from hillside positions of

(Continued on page 31

Abu Maher, who also spoke

during Friday's meeting, accused

the dissidents of being "lool" to

kill the idea of the Palestinian rev-

olution. He said that the rebel

demand for reforms -- to step up

armed struggle against Israel and a

collective leadership for Fateh --

were a cover for the real intentions

of "opportunists" and "pro-

Abu Maher also said that att-

empts to split the Fateh movement

came as a response to American

calls recently on Arabs to wit-

hdraw their recognition of the

PLO" as the sole and legitimate

representative of the Palestinians.

"The conspiracy against Fatch which indirectly aims at splitting the PLO, also aims at driving away

the PLO forces from (Lebanon's)

Bekan Valley to weaken the res-

istance to the occupying Israeli

army and opposition to the Leb-

anese Israeli troop withdrawal

Abu Al Hol, who also add-

ressed the meeting, said that the

"essence of the insurgency within

Fatch ranks sprouts from the Pal-

estinian determination to mai

agreement." Abu Maher said.

fileers"

Vote on MX allocation delayed in U.S. Senate

WASHINGTON 1R1 - Opponents of the controversial MX states vital leverage in arms control talks with the Soviet Union in missile headed off a Senate vote on the weapon Saturday and continued their marathon debate aga-

The vote was postponed, probably until next week, as MX opponents killed a Republican amendment designed to force a clear decision in favour of the IIIvarhead missile.

Senate Republicans backing President Reagan's missile plan had sought to force a vote by introducing their own amendment which would have demanded a ballor Saturday. A clear vote in favour of the missile would have rendered opponents' arguments on the floor meaningless.

in killing the Republican amendment 84 to 4.

As the Senate continued its ing it would provide the United next week.

Geneva.

We are building the MX peacekeeper to strengthen det-errence. Mr. Reagan said in his weekly radio broadcast. But it also provides vital negotiating incentives and leverage in Geneva. Senator Gary Hart of Colorado.

a Democratic presidential aspirant, told the Senate that he and other MX opponents would introduce their own amendments next week, after forcing days of debate on their contention that the missile would increase the danger of nuclear war. Mr. Hart has conceded that the

n the floor meaningless.

But MX opponents succeeded billion the Parabless and the P in a \$200 billion defence bill.

But opponents in the Democrat- controlled House of debate. President Reagan ren-ewed his appeal for the MX, say-they could defeat the MX funding

Postponement of visit to Moscow insignificant, says PLO chairman

ROME (R) - Palestinian leader isia where he has had his hea-Moscow did not mean the Kremlin was abandoning him to his fate.

widely expected to go to the Soviet capital to seek the Kremlin's mediation in his dispute with PLO dissidents and Syrian, but last week

"We are 100 busy here. We have not had the opportunity to make the trip," he told Dina Nascetti in an interview due to appear in next week's issue of the Italian weekly L'Espresso

Mr. Arafat was speaking in Tun-

Yasser Arafat has said in an int- departers since the PLO was torerview that his decision not to visit ced out of Beirut by the Israeli invasion last year.

He denied that the Soviet The Palestine Liberation Org- Union was profitting from the split unisation (PLO) chairman was in his Fatch guerrilla group and said he did not believe reports that it favoured his opponents in the

According to my information he postponed the trip at short not- in Moscow they are decidedly against what is happening." he said. "The Sovier Union has never "used" the Palestinian problem

and I do not think it wants to or Mr. Aratat said he did not want

(Continued on page 3)

Arafat, Iraqis discuss **Baghdad-PLO** relations

BAGHDAD (R) - Palestinian and the PLO in the light of Syria's leader Yasser Arafat and Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz had talks Saturday on the split in Mr. Arafat's Fatch commando group and possible cooperation between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Iraq. Palestinian sources said.

future cooperation between Iraq

recent anti-Aratai measures and its support for the mutiny within Faich," but gave no further det-

Mr. Arafai, who arrived in Baghdad on Thursday at the start of a Gull tour to seek support for his leadership of the PLO, was exp-They said the talks covered elled from Damascus on June 24

Evren urges world to cooperate against ASALA

ANKARA (Rt - Turkish President Kenan Evren called Saturday for international cooperation against Armenian guerrillas, who killed six people and injured about 60 others in a bomb attack at Paris' Orly airport Fri-

day.

Gen. Evren, commenting in a statement on the explosion at a Turkish airlines desk. said: "Armenian terrorism... is undoubredly

an extension of international terrorism... this last massacre proves how evil this terrorism is for all humaniiv."

The Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia (ASALA). one of two main Armenian guerrilla groups which have killed more than 30 people in a decade. claimed responsibility for the Orly

20 feared killed as helicopter hits sea

PENZANCE. England (R) Twenty people were feared drowned Saturday after a helicopter plunged into the sea in thick fog off Cornwall, a navy spokesman

Six survivors, including the two pilots and two children, were picked up by a lifeboat minutes before the helicopter sank in 6tl metres of water, the spokesman said. He said a report from a navy rescue base that there were seven

survivors was incorrect. The helicopier, a Sikorsky 61 of British Airways, was only three kilometres out from the Scilly Isles on a 55 kilometres shuttle flight to the English mainland when it ditched in the sea.

Royal Air Force (RAF) rescue helicopters, lifeboats and local boats carrying divers, doctors and nurses left immediately for the scene of the crash.

Six people spotted struggling in the water were picked up by lifeboat. The navy spokesman said the two children rescued were a 12-year-old boy and a 14year-old girl.

More survivors unlikely

The helicopter service flies holidaymakers to and from the Scilly Isles several times a day in the

A British Airways spokesman operating since 1947."

The Sikorsky ol is a twinturbine all-weather helicopter with space for three crew and up to 30 passengers.

OAU appeals for reconciliation in Chad ADDIS ABABA (R) - Org- 4.5 million people who, it said. Hahre's army and troops loyal to had been the victims of protracted ousted leader Goukouni Oueddci

anisation of African Unity (OAU) leaders appealed Saturday for an end to foreign intervention in Chad, saying it had only aggravased 20 years of civil strife.

After a two-day meeting, the OAU's 19th summit bureau called for an immediate end to the fighting in Chad and for reconciliation among its feuding fac-

The statement expressed grave
concern about the plight of Chad's
between President Hissene

interference over the past two past. decades.

The bureau appealed" to all staies. African and non-African, to refrain from any interference, direct or indirect that may aggravate his government's policy of refthe situation." It named no countries, as is normal with OAU declarations.

struggle made worse by foreign as even more serious than in the

In N'djamena. Chadian Intormation Minister Soumaila Mahamat responded immediately to the OAU statement by saving using to enter peace talks with the rebels remained unchanged. 'We have no new reaction to

(Continued on page 3)

ction result, and congress Pre-

sident Franz Heubx declared the

meeting closed because there was

no longer a quorum.

Strauss suffers setback as party chief

MUNICH (R) - Franz Josef Strauss, leader of the right-wing faction in West Germany's ruling coalition, suffered a major setback Saturday that cast doubt on his long-term political future, and soon afterwards his party's congress broke up in disarray.

Although the Bavarian premier's Christian Social Union (CSU) re-elected him as leader for the next two years at its annual congress in Munich, it gave him the lowest delegate vote in his 22 years at the head of the party.

The vote clearly reflected astonishment and anger among his supporters over his role in setting up a big government-backed credit for East Germany last month.

Mr. Strauss, 67, accustomed to many expressing shock at the eleioial adulation in what at times sccms a one-man party, received just 662 of the 949 delegates votes at the two-day congress. almost 200 fewer than at the last poll in 1981. Mr. Strauss was the only can-

and cast doubt on how long he will stay on. After the result was announced. Mr. Strauss commented tersely: "1 accept the vote." He left the session early, declining to give the

customary leader's closing add-Scores of delegates followed.

The premature end lett more than a dozen resolutions undebated and meant that a freedidate, yet 163 delegates voted for-all debate, which might have against him. The vote seemed produced criticism of Mr. Strauss. bound to undermine his authority did not take place.

> Mr. Strauss proclaimed earlier this week that he had conceived and negotiated a one billion mark 15400 million) credit to East Germany, approved by Bonn last

> > (Cootinued on page 3)

Canada anti-missile group gathers force

OTTAWA (R) - Groups in Canada opposed to development of the U.S. cruise missile have pledged to continue their protest campaigns despite the Ottawa government's decision to allow tests of the weapon over northern Canada.

After months of speculation and controversy Canada gave the go-ahead Friday for testing over the High Arctic. considered ideal. by U.S. officials because it offers terrain and climate identical with those of the Soviet Union.

External Affairs Minister Allan MacEachen said the decision loying cruise and Pershing-2 missiles in Western Europe unless

U.S.-Soviet arms reduction talks in Geneva. The U.S. embassy in Ottawa

said the decision would "contribute to the security of both our nations and of our allies by demonstrating our commitment to a strong deterrent and to promoting

One opinion poll had indicated that 52 per cent of Canadians opposed cruise testing.

Some church leaders, the antinuclear movement and the leftleaning New Democratic Party son. (NDP), a minority opposition Pierre Trudeau to reject the cruise

Mr. MacEachen acknowledged the concern of such movements cruise.

significant progress is made at but said that refusing cruise tests would have given the wrong impression to the Soviet Union over NATO's commitment to nuclear deterrence.

> Anti-nuclear activist Jim Stark vowed" to fight this thing | the cruise issue) until it's killed."

A coalition of 25 union and disarmament groups plans to go to court next week arguing under Canada's charter of rights that the tests threaten "the right to life, liberty and the security of the per-

Mr. Stark said his group would group, had urged Prime Minister also canvass every Canadian member of parliament before the next general election, expected late next year, for their position on

(Continued nn page 3) the Fateh commando movement. ement. Reagan: U.S. will sign Madrid accords

WASHINGTON (R) - President new elements to the final act of the Reagan has announced that the United States will sign the Madrid European security conference accord in the hope that it will help achieve a more stable and constructive relationship with the

Soviet Union. In a special statement released in Washington late Friday, Mr. Reagan said he believed the accord reached at the 35-state European security conference was the best attainable.

He said it would add important

of the Falangist Party which was eement, "reached prior to the

agreement was reached between said. He did not explain the term

first security conference in Helsinki in 1975, including comrorism, religious liberties, the reunification of families, the free flow of information and trade union freedoms, which he said were "so tragically violated in Poland."

Mr. Reagan said the United States had accepted the accord with no illusions about the nature of the Soviet Union or about the system he said it sought to impose on

much of Europe. The accord includes plans or meetings on human rights, on dismitments on human rights, ter- armament and military confidence-building measures in Europe, and on human contacts -- covering marriage, travel and family reunification -- across

> Malia has held up a formal signing of the Madrid document by insisting on its long-standing demand for a Mediterranean security

East-West borders.

Rescuers said it was extremely unlikely that any more survivors would be found. Coast Guard Mike Osborne said: "Had there been any other survivors they would have been found on the sur-

said: 'Until now we have never had a fatal accident in any of our helicopters, which we have been

showed Canada's support for the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation's (NATO) policy of dep-

Mitterrand visits victims of guerrilla bomb attack at Orly

PARIS (R) - French President Francois Mitterrand Saturday visited victims of Friday's bomb attack by Armenian guerrillas at Orly airport as the death toll from the blast rose to six.

Three men were killed outright and about 611 people injured. many seriously, when the bomb went off in a piece of cabin luggage at a l'urkish Airlines check-in desk in the crowded southern terminal of the Paris airport.

Two more men, a Turk and an American, died from their injuries Friday night and a Frenchman died Saturday morning, hospital officials said

"None of the problems in the world will be resolved lastingly or usefully by violence, above all by this blind, mad violence, this crime for crime's sake." Mr. Minerrand said after seeing many of the severely burned cictims in hospital.

The police presence was stepped up at the airport Saturday and passengers heading for Hights to Turkey were subject to rigorous. Furkish but they also included 12

ANKARA IRI - Turkey's nat-

ional newspapers Saturday exp-

ressed nurrage at Friday's bomb

attack by Armenian guerrillas

who killed six people and injured

bil in a blast at a Turkish Airlines

desk at Drly Airport in Paris.
"They have turned rabid." the

mass-circulation daily Hurriyet

exclaimed in a hanner headline.

referring to Armenian militants

who have killed about 40 people

in a ten-vear worldwide campaign

the Liberation of Armenia

(ASALA), which has carried out

many of the killings, claimed res-

punsibility for the airport attack.

Newspapers carried dramatic

photographs and furid accounts of

the aftermath of the Orly blast.

One paper commented in a hea-

The Armenian Secret Army for

againsi Turkish targets.

checks, airport authorities said. Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy.

who saw the blood-splashed wreckage and visited some of the worst injured in hospital, said in a telegram to Turkish Prime Minister Bulend Ulusu: "In the name of the French government I must express my indignation at this act of blind terrorism. The French government is doing all it can to search for those responsible for this attack and deliver them up to

Evewitnesses said the southern terminal was jammed with thousands of travellers who fled screarning to the exits as windows shallered and black smoke filled

the building. Most of the wounded, many of whom suffered severe burns, were

counter the guerrillas and their

claim that Turkey massacred 1.5

million Armenians in easiern

Successive Turkish gov-

Respected columnist Prof.

ernments have denied the charge.

Vlumtaz Soysal wrote that Turkey

should recognise the guerrillas

were waging a war against the country and react accordingly, not

by adopting their methods but by

launching a propaganda offensive

against them and defending Tur-

cars for all personnel working at

Furkey's foreign missions?" he

Friday, Foreign Minister Iller

furkmen said those responsible

for the airport blast would pay

heavily for their crimes. "The

"So where are the bullet-proof

Furkey during World War I.

Orly attack outrages Turkish press

French people, a Swede, two Yugoslavs and an Algerian, police

"People were screaming with terror." said a policeman at the in Brussels of a Turkish diplomat. airport. "There was blood eve- responsibility for which was clarywhere. I had never seen so much blood in my life".

Eyewitnesses said ripped suiteases, torn clothing and shoes lay heaped in ragged piles over the terminal Iloor.

The injured were taken in a fleet of 211 ambulances to nearby hospitals while detectives sifted through the rubble.

Public Security Secretary of State Joseph Franceschi called the attack terrible and terrifying and said everything would be done to catch and punish the perpetrators.

Armenian guerrillas have carried out at least eight gun or bomb attacks in Paris in the last four years, aimed mainly at Turkish

targets. Armenian militants accuse Turkey of massacring 1.5 million Armenians in 1915, a charge that Turkish governments deny,

His remarks rekindled spe-

culation that Turkey might launch

retaliatory attacks on Armenian

guerrilla hases around the world.

Mr. Turkmen has in the past den-

Speculation has been fuelled by

attacks on Armenian communities

in Europe and, most recently, in

In Los Angeles Thursday, an

Armenian businessman was killed

when a bomb exploded in his car

and earlier this month a woman

was killed and four people were

, injured there when a man opened

fire on an Armenian family with a

But newspaper articles here say-

ing Turkey has sent "hit squads"

to hunt down and kill Armenian

militants, who have struck mainly

California.

machinegun.

ied such action would be taken.

In Ankara. Turkish Foreign Minister Ilter Turkmen described the explosion as a massacre; noting it followed Thursday's murder imed by the hitherto unknown Armenian Revolutionary Army

Mr. Turkmen said the killers would pay heavily and added: "The main cause for these latest two tragedies was that our warnings on international terrorism were not heeded".

In Paris the secretary-general of the neo-Gaullist RPR Party. Bernard Pons, recalled government anti-terrorist measures announced after six people were killed in a Jewish restaurant last August. He asked what use they were "if the protection of places obviously threatened by a wellknown terrorist organisation is not assured?

Flights at Orly, severely disrupted by the blast, should be back to normal later Saturday morning airport officials said.



ABU JIHAD VISITS TROOPS: The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) forces deputy commander, Khalil Al Wazir, | Abu Jihad) seen during a visit early this week to B PLO post in north Lebanon. | A.P. wirephoto].

Greek, U.S. views of bases pact vastly differ

ATHENS (Rt - A new agr-U.S. on American military bases andreou says he has won are: here sets vastly improved terms for Athens and a promise the bases will be removed by the end of this decade, the Greek gov- hington should be at least 70 per ernment says.

in Washington, however, the would be made by both governments only after five years had

elapsed. The agreement, announced Friday hy Socialist Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou, has prompted praise from Greek rightwingers who see it as a boost for national security, but accusations of betrayal from the pro-Moscow Communist Party.

Mr. Papandreou, elected in 1981 on slogans such as "out with the hases of death", told the nation that a new five-year defence agreement between Greece and the United States would come into force next year. When that expto be removed within 17 months.

In a statement reflecting many Greek's deep resentment of foreign influence, the prime minister declared: "The agreement is a historic step in acquiring national independence for our country."

But the Greek Communist Party, which wanted the bases closed without discussion, accused Mr. Papandreou of berraying his electoral promises on ridding Greece of the bases.

Some 18.000 communist supporters marched peacefully through central Athens, and party leader Charilaos Florakis called for a referendum on the new acc-

Among the concessions to eement between Greece and the Greek demands that Mr. Pap-

-- A tormal U.S. commitment to Greece's long-standing demand that its military aid from Was-

cent of that granted to Turkey. -- Much closer Greek control of U.S. State Department said a dec- the bases' activities, with Greece ision on whether to close the bases holding the right to suspend their operation whenever it judges nec-

> -- An end to the right of U.S. servicemen who commit crimes here to demand trial under American law, something which Greece had deeply resented. Mr. Papandreou made clear

that the bases -- two near Athens. two on the island of Crete, plus minor installations elsewhere -would never again operate under the existing 30-year-old detence agreement, made at a time of massive U.S. influence over Greece.

In Washington a State Department official told reporters the live-year pact was similar to those ired, he said, the bases would have the United States had negotiated with several other countries, including Spain. He said the administration

would ask Congress to approve \$500 million in 1984 defence assistance for Greece, compared with \$280 million originally proposed. and with \$755 million of military aid proposed for Turkey. Some commentators in the U.S.

press have suggested that Mr. Papandreou's interpretation of the agreement is for domestic polnical consumption and that he wants to keep open the option of allowing the U.S. bases to remain after 1988. The State Department official had no comment on this suggestion.

at Turkish diplomatic targets from dline: "Their thirst for blood is furkish nation's strike will be as Australia to the United States hard as the great patience it has shown in the past," he said. unquenchahle". have been denied officially. Columnists called for action to Turkish president denies official

kish establishments.

ANKARA (R) - President Kenan Evren said his military government was not hiased towards any of the political parties seeking to contest general elections in Turkey set for Nov. n.

Addressing a large crowd in the western town of Soma Friday, he called on Turks to avoid listening to rumours and said it was not true that his regime, which seized power in 1930, favoured right wingers.

bias towards any political party our way walking Ataturk's road." Democracy Party (MDP). led by he said, referring to the founder of retired Gen. Turgut Sunalp. the Turkish republic. Mustala

Kemal Ataturk. Since a ban on all politics was lilled in May, the ruling generals have abolished one new con-servative party and vetoed about 2000 prospective founders from nine other gorups, including a prominent leader of a Social demneratic party.

ieve the military privately lavours

Two ministers in the military government have resigned to join the MDP and Gen. Sunalp has urged Prime Minister Bulend Ulusu, a retired admiral appointed premier after the coup. to also join the party.

The party was escaped with just four veloes of its founder members and its statements and press conferences have been reported on state radio and television, unlike those of other parties.

Mines seen in the Gulf

WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S. Delence Mapping Agency has warned that drifting explosive mines threaten oil tankers and other ships in the Gulf, a spokesman said Friday.

Spokesman Del Malkie said the agency, which regularly issues notices to mariners, sent out warnings on the mines, presumed to be from the Iraq-Iran war, on June 7 and Thursday.

The June 7 warning cited two mines spotted near Ras Tanura. Saudi Arabia, and Bahrain, saving they may have drifted south from minefields laid by Iran or Iraq early in 1982.

Mines from the same fields earlier may have damaged two commercial vessels and sunk a third. the cargo ship success, the agency said, adding that extreme caution should be exercised by shipping in

the Guil.

The warning Thursday said a possible mine was sighted in the same area northwest of Bahrain. Lloyds of London said Friday the U.S. warning had been passed on to shipping in the Gulf and the Mobil Oil Company said that the master of one of its tankers had spotted an object he believed to be

roached Ras Tanura. The master of the tanker Mobil Eagle reported to the company that the object was semisubmerged with short protrusions

a mine in the water metres from

his ship early Thursday, as it app-

Mobil has advised all its ships in the area to be vigilant, proceeding at slow speeds, maintaining extra radar watch and sailing where possible only in daylight, a company spokesman said.

memorabilis daing from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 4 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum; 1811o 1511 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours; 9,1011 a.m. • 5,181 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tcl. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche

Hotel, 1.37 p.m.

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel. 1.31 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.

Rotary Club. Meetinls every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, fillin p.m Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church | Roman Catholic!

Church of the Assumeiation | Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440.

De la Salle Church | Roman Catholic | Jabal Hussein, 661757.

Church of the Annunciation | Greek Orthodox | Abdali, 23541.

Anglicas Church | Church of the Redcemeri Jabal Amman, 41559.

St. Ephraim Church [5yrian Onlandox) Ashrafich, 71751.

Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

ian Catholic Church Ashrafich.

i**an Orthodox Church** Ashrafieh

Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261,

and wire trailing below.

Israel means to hold on to electronic surveillance posts on Jebel Barouk

JEBEL BAROUK, Lebanon (R) - The electronic eyes and ears of Israel's army in Lebanon sit on top of this rugged central mountain

sat at the head of an armoured column on the winding, potholed road skirting the loothills.

In the distance, unidentifiable antennae shimmered in the haze aton the dun-coloured ridges of the Jebel Barouk, the only visible signs of a vast array of surveillance If the May 17 troop withdrawal

agreement with Lebanon is implemented. Israeli troops will have to pull out of here. But if a much talked-of partial

withdrawal to positions farther south takes place. Israel fully iniends to hang on to this strategic mountaintop position.

comb the airwaves above Syria's played by the monitoring of

forces deployed in the Bekaa Valley for coded traffic and secret

A few minutes drive north of range, a vital cavesdropping eyric Ain Zhalta, a once pleasant valley that Israel intends to keep as long town of shady gardens and rushing as it can.

"We're definitely not leaving here," said an Israeli colonel as he buildings and wrecked Syrian

"Military traffic only -- the road may be mined." said an Israeli soldier turning back cars at the front line.

The Jewish state's blue and white star of David flag flapped in the mountain breeze above numerous new military installations. some hidden among green pines on hilltops.

The road signs in Hebrew every few hundred metres and the heavily guarded checkpoints along the road to the front do nothing to discourage the impression of per-

In private conversations, Israeli From the Jebel Barouk, the sen- officers make no secret of what sors of Israeli military intelligence they consider to be the vital role

Jeddah (SV) Beirur (RJ)

Kuwaii I RJ

Dhahrea | RJ | ... Jeddah (RJ |

Bahrain, Doha (RJ)

Abu Dhabi (RI)
Baghdad (RI)
Baghdad London (BA)

..... Cairo | RJ | Dubai, Muscai | RJ |

Bangkok [RJ]

Syria's troop movements from the Jebel Barouk.

Military sources in the Beirut area say all three contingency plans for a partial withdrawal of troops from the troubled Shouf Mountains include keeping hold of the range. It is a long spine of rock, spa-

rsely covered with scrub. forming the southern end of the Lebanon mountain chain down the very centre of the country.

The Awali River, often mentioned as a likely line for a partial pullback, rises to the north of Ain Zhalta and is known locally as the Barouk as it flows south down the edge of the range before curving west to the sea just north of Sidon.

Israeli troops, according to one seenario, would withdraw to positions along the river's course, ereating a salient around the sensitive monitoring stations.

That area would be strongly protected. At one Israeli camp along the road running parallel with the river, the barrels of heavy artillery pieces nose above the ear

Dhaka envoy leaves Iran

LONDON IR) - Bangladesh Foreign Minister A.R. Shams-Ud Doha left Tehran Saturday ending a two-day visit with a call for exoansion of ties between his country and fran, the Iranian national news agency IRNA said. It said Mr. Doha, who met Ira-

nian President Hojatosalem Alt Khamenei Saturday , expressed his satisfaction with his talks.

On Friday, Mr. Doha and Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akhar Vellayati agreed to sign a draft agreement to form a joint commission for cultural, economic, scientific and technical cooperation.

energy centre

RABAT (R) - The Moroccan government has adopted a law creating a national nuclear energy centre, the Moroccan news agency MAP said.

lear energy projects which are to

But many political analysis bel-"We are neither on the left nor on the right. We are straight on the right-of-centre Nationalist

JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CHANNEL

	Korai
	Famous People
17:35	Mighty Mous
[#:00	Programme on Animal
	Children's Programm
	Programme on Ira
19:20	Programme Review
(9:30	
20:00	
20:30) Local Serie
21:30	
22:00	
23:00	

FOREIGN CHANNEL

18:00	French Programme
19:00	News in French
	News in Hebrew
	News in Arabic
	Brass
	Hullywirou
22:00	News on English
22:10	Bestsellers

RADIO JORDAN 835 KHE AM R 99 MHE FM

ı,C	purity on USON KHE, SW
97:00	
07:30	News Bulletin
	News Summary
	Morrung Shaw
12:00	News Summary
12:05	Pop Sessura
t3:00	News Summary
13:03 .	Catch the Words
I-4:60	News Bulletin
14: t0	Instrumentals
(4:30 .	Science Report
	Стоест Ноит
t 6:00	
16:03	. Instrumentals. Old Favourites
17:00 .,	Listeners' C'hoice
[8: 00 .	News Summary
t8:95 .	Jazz Hour
19:00	Newsdesk
	Evening Show
	News Summary
	News Summary
	Evening Show
	News Summary
	Evening Show
24-60	News Headlines

TV & RADIO BBC WORLD SERVICE

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Oivernmento 06:45 Financial Review 06:55 Ref-lections 07:00 World News 07:09 British Press Review 07:15 Letterbox 07:30 Words and Music 07:45 Letter from America 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Cou-nicrpart 09:00 World News 09:09 News merpart 09:00 World News 09:09 News about Britain 09:15 From Our Own Correspondent 09:30 Sarah and Com-pany 10:00 World News 10:09 Ref-lections 10:15 The Pleasure's Yours 11:00 World News (1:00 British Press Review 11:15 People and Polinies 11:45 Sports Review 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 Religious Service 13:00 World News (3:00 News About Britain 13:15 Letter Irim America 13:30 Baker's Half Dozen 14:30 The Eco-nomic Consequences of Jhon Maynard Keynes 15:00 World News 15:00 Com-mentary 15:15 Good Books 15:30 Stomentary 15:15 Good Books 15:30 Sto-nics by Saki 15:45 The Tony Myatt Req-uest Show 16:30 Cricket 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Concert Hall 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 From Our Own Correspondent 18:35 Financial Review 18:45 Letter (nom America 19:00 World News 19:09 Goll 19:40 Reflections 19:45 Sportcall 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Roads to Trebizond 20:30 Brain of Britain 1483 21:00 Maigret 21:15 Margret 22:00 World News 22:09 Commeniary 22: 15 Leiterbox 22:39 Sunday Half-Hour 23:00 The Monument 23:15 The Pleasure's Yours 24:00 World News 00:09 Science in Action 98:40 Ref-

lections 00:45 Sportscall 01:00 World News 01:00 Commentary 01:15 Letter from America 01:30 Alternative Proms **VOICE OF AMERICA** KH: 1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 05:08 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answers to Listener's Ouestions, Science Digest. News Summary at 37 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 New Horizons and New Products 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 International Viewpoints 18:30 Music USA Standards 19:00 News 19:10 Critic's Choice 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Sunday Report 20:30 Issues in the News 21:00 News 21:10 International Viewpoints 21:30 Music USA Standards 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Concert Hall 23:00 News 23:10 New Horizons and New Products 23:30 Studio One

TODAY'S EVENTS

. -- Ceramics by Issam Nusciral.

All three exhibitions are going on at the Royal Cultural Centre.

C	CULTURAL (CENTRES
	al Cultural Centre	
Am	етісяя Селіте	44371
	crican Centre Libra	
Brit	ish Council	36147-8
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	nish Cultural Cent	
Tur	kish Cultural Cent	re 34777
	ya Ans Centre	
	sscin Youth City	
	V.C.A	
	V.M.A	
Ali	ıman Municipal Lit	7121Y 30111
Un	iversity of Jordan I	Library 843555

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 11th years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre.
Amman. Opening hours: YJHI a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round, Tel. 51761.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal AJ Qul'a [Citadel Hill]. Opening hours: 9.181 a.m. + 5.181 n.m.

Opening hours: 9,101 a.m. 5,101 p.m. [Fridays and official holidays 111,101 a.m. 4,101 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gattery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countrieand a callection of catastics by 11th Countries. collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabai Luweibleh. Opening hours: 10,101 g.m. 1.311 p.m. and 3.301 p.m. - 6,1011 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

* -- Painting by Bassem Sheikh Jawad.

-- Handwaven carpets by the Jor-danian Rural Development Society.

CULTURAL CENTRES
Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 6611126:7
American Centre 44371
American Centre Library 41520
British Council 36147-8
French Cultural Centre 371884
Goethe Institute
Soviet Cultural Centre 442113
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Ans Centre 665145
Hussein Youth City 667181
1.W.C.A 41743
Y.W.M.A 664251
Amman Municipal Library 36111
University of Jordan Library 843555

PRAYER TIMES |Sunrise| Shuruq Maghreb

75261.

AMMAN AIRPORT

. Tripoli. Lamaca (LI) Caim | RJ |

Jeddah (RJ)

...... Qaba (R.) (.... Dubar, Abu Ohabi (R.) (

always be verified.

	Jeddan [KJ]
09:4 5	
	Beirui [RJ]
	Muscot, Oubai, Doha (GF)
	Dhahran, Riyadh (SV)
	Cairo MS:
t3: 40	Kuwaii 1KUi
tS:20	Jeddah (SV)
15:30	Baghdad IA
15:30	Cairii IRU
15:30	Paris RJ
	Larnaka RJ1
16:15	Athens RJ
	Brussels, Franklum (RJ)
	Aqaba RJ
	Vienna, New York (R)
	Paris (RJ)
	Tunis, Casablanca RJI
	Rome RJ)
	London (BA)
	Benul MEA1
	Albens IOAI
	Zurich, Athens, Damascus ISR1
22:55	
08:25	
00:30	Cairn RJ
00:45	Baghdəd RJ

DEPARTURES

17:00	Agaba Ku
9:90	Rome (AZ
	Beirut IME
19: LS	
10:30	Rome (R.
	Amsterdam, New York I R.
t I:tS	Athers I R.
1 t:30	Cairo IR
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	Copenhagen SK
12:15	Lamaka IR
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15.30	Ranhdad II.
֡	9:00 9:05 9:15 0:30 11:00 11:15 11:50 12:15 14:30 14:30 15:00

FOR THE TRAVELLER

21:15

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airpon, tel. 1081-53250, 53070, 53082, 53171, where it should

ARRIVALS

	Kuwail RJ	
	Muscat, Oubai, Doha (GF)	
	Dhahran. Riyadh (SV)	MONEY EXCHANGE
	Kuwaii 1KU1	Lical sell!buy rates in fils
	Jeddah [SV]	Belgian franc
	Baghdad [IA]	Outch guilder 125.2 126
30	Camı [RJ]	Egyptian guinea 331.3 335.3
	Paris RJ	French Iranc 46.6 46.9
	Larnaka RJ1	Iraqi dinar
15	Athens (RJ)	Italian life (for 1181) 23.7° 23.9
	Brussels, Franklun (RJ)	Japanese yen (for Hill 151.1 152
	Aqaba RJ	Kuwaiti dinar 1237 1241.7
	Vienna, New York [RJ]	Lebanese lira, 82,7 84
	Paris (RJ)	Omani riyal 1043.3/ 1050
	Tunis, Casablanca (RJ)	Qatari riyal
	Rome RJ)	Saudi riyal
	London (BA)	Swedish crown 47,3 47,8
	Cairo MSI	Swiss Irane
	Benul MEA1	Syrian lira
	Albers IOAI	UAE dirham 98.8' 99.2
	Zurich, Athens, Damascus ISR1	U.K. sterling pound 552.6 555.4
		U.S. dollar
	Cairo 18U1	W German mark 140,21 141
v		

04640 Calso [KJ]	near our ambiners of the relightibles.
05:40 Damascus, Franklum (LH)	Meteorology,
67:60 Aqaba (RJ)	In the same of the
09:00 Rome (AZ1	It will be fair, with northwesterly mo
09:05 Beirut IME1	crate winds. In Aqaba, winds will I
09: tS Larnaca. Tripoli LN	northerly moderate and seas calm.
10:30 Rome (RJ)	_
11:00 Amsterdam, New York [RJ]	Low high temperature in deg.
[]: []: [Alhens R.J.]	Amman 172
11:30 (New 101)	Agaba

WEATHER

dings: Amman 311 per cent. Aquba 17

WEATHER	Apple (Golden)
-	Apple (local)
Bulk in supplied by the Department of	Apple (Starken)
Meteorology,	Apricots
beauties and a second	l Banana
It will be fair, with northwesterly mod-	Banana Mukammar)
crate winds. In Agaba, winds will be	Beans
northerly moderate and seas calm.	Cabbage
_	Carol
Low high temperature in deg.C.	Cauliflower white)
Amman 17:29	Cherries
Aqaba23/37	Chick peas (green)
Desens 17/37	Соп
Jordan Valley 23/3x	Cucumber large
	Cucumber (small)
Yesterday's high temperatures:	Eggplant (large)
Amman 29, Aqaba 37, Humidiry rea-	Eggplani (small)

Morocco plans

The new centre will control nuc-

be studied by the French agency Solratome under an accord signed in Rabai on June 21.

then ramparts.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. Dr. Mohammad Lubbadeh 56560 **EMERGENCIES**

Khasem taxi .

Civil Defence rescue 661111 Fire headquarters 22090-3 Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777 Police headquarters 39141 Municipal water service 71125-8 Queen Alia Int. Airpon ... 1081 \$3333 HOSPITALS

LODITIALS
Hussem Medical Centre 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 4281-1 Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 42441 Jabal Amman Maternity 42362 Malhas, J. Amman 36140 Palestine, Shmeisani 664171-1 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital 445845 Oar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 667158 Al-Muasher Hospital 667227-9
The Islamic. Abdali 665292
Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164
Halian. Al-Muhaireen 771111-3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 75111
Army, Marka 91611

NIGHT DUTY Dr. Sa'id Mohammad Sa'd (Al Wihda))

Ambassador taxi 66876 Karnak taxi 66876 Jibad taxi 84266 Nabda taxi 663006	1
IRBID: Dr. Mohammad Al Share' 73688 Al Far pharmacy	ï
ZARQA: Dr. Musiafa Fayyad	
GENERAL	
Jordan Television	

Jordan and Middle East calls

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MARKET PRICES

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large) 10 · 70	Polatoes
small) 1211' MI	Radish
	Radish
	Tomatoes
	Watermelon

Abdullah congratulates Saddam

AMMAN (Petra) - His Highness Prince Ahdullah Ibn Al Hussein. the Regent. Saturday sent a cable of good wishes to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein on his country's National Day.

In his cable Prince Abdullah paid tribute to the Iraqi people and armed forces for their continued struggle to repel aggression and their successes in their endeavours to defend the Arab hom-

Iraq Sunday celebrates the 15th anniversary of its July revolution. On the occasion, Iraqi Ambassador to Jordan Ibrahim Shuja' Sultan will give a grand reception to which he invited senior Jordanian officials and key public fig-

Road accident claims 3 lives

AMVIAN (J.T.) - Three people were killed in a road accident that occurred on Wadi Al Sammou Road near Irbid Friday, according to a report in Al Ra'i newspaper.

The report said that those killed were all Jordanian nationals: Salch Ali Saleh (22). Marwan Ahmad Mahmoud (22) and Omran Ahmad Mahmoud (8).

It said that the three were travelling in a car bearing a Saudi licence plate when it swerved and overturned suddenly as it was travelling towards Irbid.

The report does not say if any other passengers were in the car or whether any other vehicle was



His Highness Prince Abdullah, the Regent, is hriefed by Royal Scientific Society (RSS) officials dur-

ing a visit he made to the RSS Saturday. (Petra

Abdullah visits RSS

AMMAN (Petra) - His Highness Prince Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein. the Regent, Saturday called at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) and met with its deputy director general and senior aides.

During the visit, Prince Abdullah heard a briefing on the RSS's

development and its programmes. He also saw a documentary film on the RSS's various activities and its role in promoting the Jordanian economic and industrial dev-

Later, Prince Abdullah toured

the RSS's laboratories and other sections and inspected the various projects in progress there.

Prince Abdullah was accompanied on the visit by the Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn

Dr. Tal opens summer courses for teachers

AMMAN (Petra) - Education opened this year's summer courses for teachers employed by the Ministry of Education.

In a speech to the participants Dr. Tal said the courses are designed to improve and develop teaehing methods and teachers' skills with the purpose of promoting education in Jordan.

The advancement of society cannot be achieved without the

development of education, and Minister Sa'id Al Tal Saturday the teachers have a major and vital role to play towards this end, Dr. Tal said.

> The minister said that the government realises the problems that the teachers face and is constantly trying to improve their social and economic conditions. "Our national duty requires from us to offer sacrifices and to work relentiessly and conscientiously." Dr. Tal added.



Dr. Said Al Tal

German cultural attaches visit Yarmouk University

Mari Al Hamam to hold

first municipal elections

IRBID (J.T.) - West German cultural attaches in Arab countries Saturday visited Yarmouk University and looked into its programmes and activities.

rammes and activities. rary.

During the tour dean of the Three of the attaches are from Ibrahim briefed guests on the development of the Bonn at present.

AMMAN (Petra) - The first

municipal election at Mari Al

Hamam will take place on Mon-

day, according to deputy governor of Amman Ahmad Al Qur'an.

He said that a total of 18 can-

didates of two blocs are contesting

nine scats in the council which will

represent the villages of Marj Al

Hamam, Umm Abhara and Umm

university and then accompanied them on a tour of the university's various sections including the eng-ineering workshops and the lib-

Faculty of Art and Humanities Dr. Egypt. Lebanon and Kuwait and

A total of 23110 people are eli-

gible to cast votes between eight in

the morning and six in the eve-

ning, he said. Male voters can cast ballots at

the local boys school in Marj Al

Hamam while females will have

another station at the girls' school

of the village. Mr. Qur'an added.

Al Summaq Al Janoubi.

Sharif announces formation of Islamic Legal Committee

Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Kamel Al Sharif Saturday announced the formation of an Islamic Legal Committee chaired by Chief Islamic Justice Sheikh Ibrahim Al

The council comprises Dr. Abdul Aziz Al Khavvat dean of Awqaf under secretary; Mr. Izze- council's secretary.

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of din Al Khatib, dean of Al Ouds Community College; Dr. Ibrahim Zaid Al Kilani, vice dean of Sharia' College; Mohammad Shaqra. director of mosques and Mr. Mohammad Abu Sardaneh. member of the legal Islamic Court.

The Grand Mutti of Jordan will the Sharia' (Islamic law) College: be the committee's rapporteur Dr. Abdul Salam Al Abbadi, and Dr. Khalil Humaid will be the

4-week training course on accounting opens at IPA

of Public Administration (IPA)

Altogether 18 executive directors and senior employees in a

The fighting jolted the people of

the Lebanese army had clashed

with local gunmen. Four Druze

were killed in the mountain tow-

nship of Aley on Thursday and

about a dozen Lebanese soldiers

wounded as the army tried to ext-

The exchanges began between

villages in the Shouf mountains.

several kilometres southeast of

Beirut, at around 8:30 p.m. (1830

GMT). Militias around the capital

and surrounding foothills quickly

Lebanese television interrupted

its programmes at 1ft p.m. (2006)

GMT) to announce that a cea-

sefire had gone into effect at 9:45

p.m. after contacts between the

parties. It seemed to be holding

and relative calm had been res-

The intense shelling renewed

tension and fear in Beirut amid

uncertainty over the political sit-

The government of President

Amin Gemayel is trying to secure

and Palestinian forces from the

Mediterranean coast.

joined in.

tored, it said.

week, also accused the rebels of the withdrawal of Israeli. Syrian

ekmail" to force Palestinians liv- country and extend the control of

ing in refugee camps to join the the Lebanese army beyond the

afterwards.

AMMAN (Petra) - A four-week local institutions are taking part in training course on industrial cost the course which is being held at accounting opened at the Institute the Amman Chamber of Industry.

ented on subjects related to the cost of profit and loss in industrial projects, control of industrial cost number of public companies and and other related topics.

Israelis shoot down demonstrator

(Continued from page 1)

The army brought in reinforcements to patrol the streets of the capital and strengthened its checkpoints on main streets with armoured vehicles.

The right-wing Falangist radio broadcast a warning from the army that it would move to restore order in case of any disturbances. Security sources said no violent incidents were reported Saturday

Friday's fighting in Beirut involved light artillery, machineguns, rocket-propelled grenades and automatic ritles. The army detained 90 people and seemed confident they included all the gun-

morning in Beirut.

In the Wadi Abu Jamil district. formerly Beirut's Jewish quarter. the army appeared to he in full control of the streets Friday night.

Army officers were relaxed and pointed out where the heaviest fighting had taken place outside a former Jewish school still known as the Alliance Israelite."

The officers elearly felt there was no danger from snipers despite Friday's constant stream of gunfire from buildings in the area. | as Jounieh. 15 kilometres up the

(Continued from page 1)

ntain its right to independent dec-

ision making." He accused certain

unnamed Arab governments of

trying to undermine the ind-

ependent Palestinian decision and

slogan of armed struggle against

the Israeli occupation and imp-

erialism but this conflicts with the

The PLO has held high the

impose control over the PLO.

Tripoli protests clashes

The clashes erupted when police tried to evict Shi'ites who were illegally using the school to teach

their own children. Shooting broke out, and local Shi ites threw up barricades as the army poured in light tanks, armoured personnel carriers and hundreds of men.

After eight hours of gunfire. two soldiers and three civilians lay dead and about 10 soldiers and a similar number of civilians were

Right-wing Lebanese radio stations accused local gunmen of firing on passers-by to create panie. The left-wing Murabitoun radio end its control.

(Continued from page 1)

Correspondents, watching from

a central Beirut rooftop, could

clearly see artillery fire both from

the hills and from suburbs held by

The Falangist radio said shells

were landing on areas as far north

interests of certain Arab reg-

imes." Abu Al Hol said, "They

(the Arab regimes) want us to

drop the armed struggle." he

Abu Al Hol, who arrived in

north Lebanon from Syria last

resorting to "terrorism" and "bla-

Druze müitias.

the rightist militias.

Shelling in Beirut

blamed the Lebanese govappeals for ernment, saying fighting over the school reflected government refusal to help Lebanon's displaced

Chad

Beirut back to memories of heavy rightist-leftist fighting in the district during Lebanon's 1975-76 civil war and on several occasions ent." he told Reuters. It was the second successive day

denied by Tripoli.

The OAU statement called on Chad's feuding factions"to accept

The statement said Ethiopian leader Mengistu Haile Mariam. the current OAU chairman, was empowered by the nine-nation bureau to convene a meeting of the OAU's standing committee on

Meanwhile Mr. Habre remained on the battlefield in the eastern front against stranded rebels. the environment which he as one of the world's veteran guerrilla commanders knows best.

Encouraged by his presence. government forces using advanced weaponry supplied by France have inflicted a string of defeats on Mr. Goukouni srebels and now control all the populated centres in eastern Chad.

There was speculation here that Mr. Habre would drive home his advantage by chasing the rebels towards their headquarters at Faya-Largeau, 1,000 kilometres capital, the only area it now holds. | north of the capital,

Jordan to host 100 Arab children By Lima Nabil

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Jordan will play host for 100 children from various Arab states next month at the invitation of Her Majesty Oueen Noor. This was announced by Mr. Akram Masarweh from the Youth Welfare Organisation (YWO) which is organising the programme.

children aged between 10 and 13 from Sudan. Oman. Somalia. Qatar, Tunisia. Bahrain, Algeria. Morocco and Kuwait will be staying in Jordan for 10 days to tour the country's archaeological and tourist sites and get acquainted with the country's culture and progress in various fields.

This is the third time that Jordan implements such programme. the first being in 1980, and it is intended to deepen Arab children's faith in their own culture and common goals. Mr. Masarweh

He said that Queen Noor believes that "as Arabs we belong to

6,000 trees

destroyed by

fires during

AMMAN (J.T.) - More than

6.000 trees were burnt and 640

dunums of land damaged with

fires which broke out in three dif-

ferent places in Jordan during the

A report in Al Ra'i newspaper

Saturday said that 6.000 forest

trees and 200 olive trees planted

on 200 dunums of land in the Jer-

ash area were completely destroyed by fire. A spokesman for

the Civil Defence Department said the fire was caused by some

people on an outing who made the

In the Koura district: a fire broke out on Wednesday in an

orcbard when someone dropped a cigarette end. As a result 116 fruit

trees were burnt and 200 dunums

of land were badly damaged by the

Another fire in Nu aimeb. in

Irbid Governorate destroyed 240

dunums of land grown with fruit

The spokesman warned citizens

against making fire or dropping

cigarettes in wooded areas with a view to protecting public pro-

30-year-old

fire for cooking in the woods.

last week

past week.

He told the Jordan Times that one nation with a common culture and goals and therefore our children ought to have direct access to such concept with the purpose of enhancing their belief in their nation."

> We started implementing the Common Arab Culture (CAC) programme in 1980 and the success it achieved then encouraged us to draw up plans for other simdar programmes, and we hope that more and more Arab countries will be involved in it in the future. Mr. Masarweh said.

Mr. Masarweh who is director assisted in its implementation by



Mr. Akram Masarweh

Mrs. Hiyam Faraj and Miss Margo Malatiljian both from the YWO. and are making plans for including 20 Jordanian children.

We intend to orient 2tt Jordanian children during a four-day session on the various stages of the programme and we plan to provide them with all the information they might need to answer queof the (CAC) programme is being stions about our country by the guests who will be arriving here on

These children, he added, have been selected from various governorates so that they can offer a true picture about the country to their colleagues who they will be accompanying throughout the programme.

The visitors will be touring Jordan's museums. Amman Roman Amphitheatre, Jerash, Petra, the Jordan Valley, the Dead Sea and the two bridges spanning the River Jordan. Mr. Masarweh exp-

Also on the programme are visits to Al Hussein Youth City, the Ajloun Youth Camp, the Friends of the Children Club, the Bird Garden, Al Ahli Club in Amman and Jordan Television to take part in a competition programme, as well as visits to military posts and the archaeological site at Umm

According to Mr. Masarweh. the Arab children will be spending a whole day as guests of Jordanian families. Each selected family will host two children including those from the Jordanian group, Mr. Masarweh said.



Newly-graduated students and members of the public attend a function Saturday during which a num-

ber of students of the Petra College received their

graduation certificates (Petra photo)

Petra College students graduate

for graduating the first class of three years each. female students from Petra Community College here was held Saturday under the patronage of Her board of trustees made a speech Highness Princess Basma.

The graduates had completed courses in commerce, secretarial

ZARQA (Petra) - A ceremony work and other vocations lasting Jordan's development plans. He

At the outset of the ceremony. the chairman of the college's outlining the various stages of the college's development and its proigned to help in implementing duates.

also briefed his audience on the various training courses at the col-

Towards the end of the ceremony. Princess Basma disgrammes which he said are des- tributed diplomas to the 180 gra-



Dr. Abmad Sharkas

Jordan to hold biggest annual book exhibition

AMMAN [Petra] - A number of this effect. Arah and foreign publishing houmonth, according to Dr. Ahmad English, Dr. Sharkas said. Sharkas, director general of the Department of Libraries, Documentation and National Archives [DLDNA).

He said that 50 publishing hou- to he displayed. ses including those from Taiwan. Lebanon, Iraq, Pulestine, Tunisia and India have sent him letters to Sharkas said.

Tanvan's National Publishing ses have expressed desire to par- House wants to participate in the ticipate in Jordan's annual hook exhibition by displaying and marexhibition which will be held dur-ing the Jerash Festival next and books both in Arabic and

> in Jordan's history in terms of its volume and publications that are Books at the exhibition will be

sold at competitive prices. Dr.

Arafat: Postponement of Soviet trip insignificant

(Continued from page 1)

a clash with Syria, even though the Palestinians had been under enormous provocation. Libya was also among Arah sta-

us to their will." But he added: "I am sincere when I say I want to reach an acc-

ord with Syria and Libya."

tes which he said "sought to profit

from our weakness and try to bend

The Kuwait News Agency Sat-urday quoted another Palestinian leader as saying the Soviet leadership would soon take fresh steps which could help reconcile the differences within Fatch and between Palestinian and Syrian

Navef Hawatmeh, leader of the Democratie Front for the Liberation of Palestine, interviewed in Damascus, said the Soviet delegation.

Union had made clear it opposed Palestinian in-fighting and tavoured unity within Fatch and the PLO.

The Soviets view with hitterness the Palestinian split and regard it as serving imperialist-Israeli expansionist schemes in the Middle East directly." he added. Mr. Hawatmeh visited Moscow lust week at the head of a PLO

Arafat, Iraqis discuss Baghdad-PLO ties

(Continued from page 1)

after accusing Syria of backing rebels within Fateh. Syria has den-

ied the charge. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) Friday night said President Saddam Hussein reaffirmed Iray's support for the PLO and its independence during a meeting with Mr. Arafat attended by Mr. Aziz,

They discussed developments in the Palestinian arena and "the conspiracies against the Palestinian resistance aimed at liquidating the PLO," INA said.

Iraq has accused Syria and

Aratat has headed since 1969.

Baghdad Radio said Saturday that Vir. Arafat laid a wreath at a monument in Bughdad to Iraqi war dead and visited a museum. which included Iranian weapons captured in the 34-month-old Gulf war between Iraq and Iran.

Later on Saturday, the Iraqi News Agency reported that Mr. Aralat left Baghdad hut did not

But Palestinian sources said he might go to Kuwait to seek lusther support for his leadership of the

irman Yasser Arafat returned to his headquarters in Tunis Saturday after a three-day visit to Iraq, the Tunisian news agency TAP said.

Mr. Arafat conferred in Baghand with Iraqi leaders about the current situation within the PLO after the split in the Fateh movement and his expulsion last month from Syria.

Quoting the Palestinian news agency WAFA. TAP also reporied that a Fatch delegation led by Abu lyad, member of the movcment's Central Committee, arrived Saturday in Prague on a tour

of eastern Europe. The delegation had just visited Poland and would discuss the current Middle East situation with Czechoslovak leaders. WAFA



(Continued from page I) the OAU appeal. Our position remains unchanged at the mom-

Mr. Habre has received arms from France and Zairean combat troops and fighter jets. His gov-ernment has accused Libya of involvement in the fighting, a charge

and work for national reconciliation which constitutes the only basis for a just and durable peace in Chad."

Chad if necessary.

desended the credit deal Saturday. icies towards East Germany.

only as (M.A.) died instantly and her brother was apprehended by the police. The report did not disclose any reason for the murder. **Strauss** suffers

setback (Continued from page 1)

followed his previously tough approach towards East Berlin. Only last March, Mr. Strauss branded the death of a West German at an East German border post"murder" and called on Bonn

to take a harder line.

The revelation stunned many of

his supporters, who had staunehly

One CSU deputy, Franz Handlos, resigned from the party over the credit last week and another. Ekkehard Voigt, voiced unusually open criticism of Mr. Strauss this Diplomats said Chancellor

Helmut Kohl appeared to have scored a dual tactical coup by havwho is also deputy prime minister. ing Mr. Strauss take credit for the East German loan, binding the Bavarian leader into Bonn's ostpolitik and weakening his position n his own party. In a speech lasting more than

two hours. Mr. Strauss fiercely Libya of what a government spo-He argued that the credit did kesman described as a "connot change basic government polspiracy against the legitimate lea- TUNIS -(R) - Palestine Libdership of the PLO." which Mr. cration Organisation (PLOI Cha-

give his destination.

Arafat in Tunis

المهكذا صد الأحل



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Bitterness and the PLO

THOSE of us who read Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat's interview published in the Jordan Times, Al Ra'i and Sawt Al Shaab newspapers yesterday could not have missed the man's pangs of hitterness about Syrian attempts to control his organisation. But why should he he embittered? Surely, the hehaviour of the Syrian regime comes as no big surprise to the PLO chairman; and he knows only too well that in the end these attempts cannot but fail to subdue the Palestinian revolution and its symbols of struggie. Doesn't Arafat himself keep on telling us and the world that his revolution is no picnic, and that, it will win the Palestinians their historical and inalienable rights, regardless of the odds?

Arafat nevertheless has to be seriously concerned about the current situation, if only for the ferocity of the Syrian campaign to discredit and replace the legitimate Palestinian leadership. We need only look at the strange alliance that Damascus has forged with the anti-Arafat rebels in Fatch to realise just how desperate the Assad regime has become in its attempts towards that end.

First, the Syrian-hacked political leader of the Fateh mutiny, Nimr Saleh, is supposedly fully committed to step up guerrilla operations against Israeli occupation forces in Lebanon, as elsewhere in Paiestine. The last thing the Syrians want is Palestinian attacks against the Israelis originating from behind Syrian lines in the Bekaa.

Second, the rehel leader's avowed militancy drove him to criticise publicly the Soviet stance during the siege of Beirut, even though his pro-Moscow views never failed to surface in Fateh and long before the Israeli invasion of Lebanon. If he had the guts to criticise the Soviets for their role - or the lack of it - in the siege of Beirut, what would you expect him to think of

Syria's lethargy in Lebanon last summer and even now? Third, Nimr Saleh presumably is anti-American, but the Syrians are not; be wants no political solution to the Palestine problem, the Syrians admittedly do; furthermore, he was once touted by the Libyans as the alternative to Arafat, just before the Palestine National Council (PNC) meeting in Algiers last February, but the trick did not work and he was dejected by most Palestinians at the time, only to surface again in Damascus recently.

How then, with all these basic contradictions between the Syrians and the Fatch rebels, would you expect an alliance to be forged, had it not been for the common aim of both Saleh and Assad to get rid of Arafat and his leadership?

We don't. And that is why the PLO chairman and his organisation have to be more concerned with than embittered hy what is taking place on the Palestinian-Syrian front these days. The confrontation is hardly personal.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: The right way out

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) chief Yasser Arafai spoke in an interview with Al Ra'l newspaper about the recent events among PLO groups and Syria and also about the aspirations of the Palestinian fighters. Between these events and the aspirations lies a dark tunnel which the Palestinian revolution hopes to go through ... the tunnel which the Palestinians were forced to enter since Israel's invasion of Lebanon in June of 1982.

In the interview. Abu Ammar did not explain how the Palestinian plans to get out of the tunnel, but he admitted that the events in the Bekaa Valley had revealed a lot about different things including Jordan's stand vis a vis this revolution in contrast with other Arab

On the relations with Jordan, Abu Ammar said that he would like to express his deep appreciation to Jordan in view of its stand toward the PLO and its keenness to preserve the organisation's independence and freedom.

This stand he said, is only an implementation of Jordan's commitment towards the Palestinian people and part of Jordan's assistance to the Arab population under Israeli rule to enable them to preserve their identity and safeguard their land.

Al Dustour: Aspirations and realities

. There cannot be any truly patriotic Arab citizen who does not wish that the sufferings in Lebanon should end after all these years of civil war, invasion and internal strife.

But there is a long way separating aspirations from reality. The recent outbreak of fighting among the Lebanese emphasises an imoortani faci: that the Israeli invasion of Lebanon which Israel and the U.S. had pictured to the world that it is the only means of saving the country -- has in fact paved the way for a long and painful stage for Lebanon and a dark future fraught with danger.

Ever since its invasion of Lebanon, Israel has been intent on creating divisions among the Lebanese and exerting all efforts for escalating fighting among their various factions. It has been trying to convince the Lebanese that Israel's withdrawal from Lebanon is bound to rekindle the long-standing feuds among the factions and so prolong the sufferings of the people.

If the U.S. really wants to end the sufferings it should work towards ending the occupation of Lebanon and this should help safeguard the country's sovereignty and territorial integrity.

Sawt Al Shaab: Palestinians will struggle

Thos who have been trying to liquidate the Palestinian revolution and the PLO and have been trying to steal the Palestinian victory achieved in the battle for Beirut, have indeed bet their money on a losing horse and are building eastles in the air.

In his interview with Sawt Al Shaab. PLO leader Vasser Arafat has revealed the truth about a conspiracy hatched by certain Arab regimes against the Palestinian revolution. He also revealed the plots of the Syrian and Libyan regimes to destroy to the PLO's main group. Fatch prior to destroying the whole Palestinian organisation. Abu Ammar has also pointed out the main purpose of these plots and revealed that the dissidents were in fact fighting Fateh men with Syrian guns and Libyan tanks.

We believe that the Palestinians and the fighters in Lebanon will continue the struggle and will also foil all the plots being hatched against them by regimes whose weakness and false slogans were laid: bare during Israel's invasion of Lebanon.

VIEW FROM AMERICA

Americans show better understanding of Muslim fasting

SAN FRANCISCO -Og Friday night, June 10 according to the Christian reckoning, the Muslim fasting of Ramadan began. Interesting to me as an American was the fact that announcements about Ramadan were carried in American newspapers. They were small reports usually on the inside pages of newspapers. But they are remarkable because in the past no such announcements would have been carried. The. reasons they were are that Islam has become the fourth major religion in the U.S., following Protestantism. Catholicism, and Judaism (reckoned by the number of believers).

No one knows how many Muslims there are in the U.S. Cautious estimates give a figure of two million. But some estimates range as high as seven million.

Ramadan still means little to the vast majority of Americans, hut the idea of pur-

ification through fasting has come to mean much more in recent years. Americans, until recently, were not a people who indulged in fasting. Protestants were under no religious mandate to fast. Catholics are supposed to refrain from all meat during the 40 days preceding Easter, the date of Christ's resurrection. Jews traditionally fast during their Day of Atonement But as Americans got more prosperous they also stopped observing even the few rituals of non-eating or eating-less that were left. The Catholic Church made repeated exemptions to the rules of Lcot (the fasting period). And many Jews became thoroughly secular. In fact. among many educated Americans religion was something to be ashamed of. It was a kind of superstition. So many intellectuals made a point of eating forbidden foods during

high holy days. But in the last years. Ame-

ricans have discovered that food can be an enemy as well as a friend. Many Americans have become very fat. And obesity often leads to life-endangering diseases. Americans avto'e helteenscious to an astonishing degree. They eat much less meat than they used to. They exercise more. They jog - one can see astounding numbers of joggers of all ages running even in the downtowns of cities between the vast skyscrapers. And in the process of eating less. many Americans have discovered the value of fasting. As ooe friend put it, the sense of exhiliration and health that comes from oot eating for a few days is remarkable. So many people have begun to try periodic fasting. Fasting has become one aspect of the manysided health revolution in

But I also remember my own experience as a Christian with Ramadan. It was in Afghanistan, during a broiling hot

summer. some 25 years ago. With my Japanese friend and colleague. we rode every day on horseback with two or three local people from village to village. Our Muslim friends. every day, helped pack food and drink for us. but none for themselves. They said: Non-Muslims and travellers, musafir, are exempt from the fast. We then said: But you too are musafir! Why do you not eat and drink? And they always waved their hands and said: No. And they added: We do not want to miss the purification that come from observing the fast. So I watched them ride from early in a summer's morning to well into the evening. They ate and drank nothing. And they told me even to swallow spittle was a violation of the fast. Then came the "fitr", when they ate. Even then I never saw them fill themselves to the point that stomachs swelled. Then came the

incredibly joyous Eid-Al-Fitr.

which we celebrated in a town in northern Afghanistan. The night before the mood was somber, very religious. But the Eid itself was a time for incredible rejoicing.

There is an old Latin saying in the Christian world: mens sana in corpore sano, or a healihy mind in a healthy body. But as Aristotle already saw. there also is soul beside mind and body. In the U.S. today there is a growing sense that health of mind and body. at least, are inseparable. But the older religions may have seen that health must primarily eneompass the soul as well. This is particularly true of Islam with its 30 days of fasting from the time at dawn when a white hair can be distinguished from a black and at night when it can-

Filling the body constantly with things can be bad for all three (body, mind, and soul). Many people never stop

ingesting. When they do not eat, they drink. When they do not drink, they smoke. When they do not smoke, they think of eating, drinking, or smoking. Constantly filling the body does not allow the mind to think of higher things. And as a form of self-concern, it closes off the soul which must remain oren, like a window allowing fresh air to come in.

In Islam, the joy of the Eid Al-Fitr symbolises the social pleasures of friends and kin eating together. We in America have more and more of that now. Yet only a few years ago ii was common for people to eat alone. In fact, stand-up food bars were common in many cities. But there also are beginnings of awareness that there is a time for non-cating as well. We think of it still in hea-Ith terms. But it is quite possible that many Americans will discover the spiritual qualities in fasting just as Viuslims have known it for 1.400 years. .



Pretoria continues aggression against S. African countries

By Rodney Pinder

MAPUTO -Black southern African leaders say their region, one t the world's poorest, is fightly for survival against an undeclared war by South Africa.

But they fear their cries for intemational help to combat what they see as implacable South African hostility are increasingly in

The nine members of the Southern African Development Coordination Conference (SADCC) have had considerable success in attracting investment funds from industrialised nations.

But they detect little response to their appeals that these same investors bring a moderating influence to bear on the white-ruled

re public. The nine .. Moazambique. Angola, Zimbabwe, Zambia. Malawi, Lesotho, Swaziland, Tanzania and Botswana -- fear their organisation, set up in 1980 to reduce dependence on South Africa, could be destroyed if the security situation continues to det-

eriorate. South African destabilisation threatens our very existence." the SADCC chairman, Botswana President Quett Masire, told a press conference after its annual summit. "This is a matter of life and death." he added.

The nine accuse South Africa of fighting a covert war against its black neighbours to keep them economically dependent, to show that black rule does not work and to set up a cordon sanitaire around its frontiers while it crushes lot-

ambique and Angola against black nationalist guerrilla bases. It says the nine are victims of their own disorders and inefficiency.

in its three years of existence. the SADCC has made solid progress, notably in transport and communications, with the help of big investments from the industrial world.

But its overall view is one of increasing gloom as members grapple with what the grouping calls continuiog and deepening eco-

nomic and security problems." To back their case, the nine members cite attacks on ports, roads and railways and Mozambique by rehels said to be sponsored by Pretoria. South African raids in Angola, alleged South African encouragement for uorest in Zimbabwe and political and military pressures on Botswana,

Swaziland and Lesotho. The leaders at the SADCC's one-day summit called oo their international aid donors for help. commenting that their major benefactors also had considerable

investments in South Africa. A communique said Pretoria acted with impunity. "South Africa can invade and occupy sovereign states, blow up vital installations, massacre populations at no apparent cost to its relations

with its main allies." it said. The biggest donors to the SADCC are the United States.

European Community members. ssures on the region's 60 million Canada and Japan.

ernal black dissent.

Pretoria denies the charge, saying it strikes into neighbouring countries like Lesotho. Moz
Without naming any country: world's poorest world's poorest the communique said, more blue. Reporting propess of development projects, the paper said work was continuing to achieve Africa, who provide the racist regime with the capital, technology. management skills and deadly weapons to carry out such a policy (of destabilisation), also seek to improve their relations with SADCC."

> The SADCC summit said it was irrational for them to invest in regional infrastructure only to see such resources "wasted by South African sabotage."

It urged the international community to transfer resources from the republic to its black neighbours in the name of peace and as an investment in the future.

But there was a note of despair at the summit. A report by the SADCC secretariat said earlier similar appeals had proved ineffective.

In the past year, the report said, South African aggression by invasion. occupation, incursion, support for insurrectioo, economic sabotage and other forms of des-. tabilisation bas escalated."

Combined with severe drought and falling demand for the region's commodities because of the recession, this had created economic stagnation, rising unemployment and increasing pov-

The report said there was a real danger of international conflict and of domestic social and political unrest arising from the prepeople, already ranked among the

regional food security, to control animal diseases, to conserve oil and water and to develop fisheries. In transport and com-

munications. one-quarter of the estimated \$2.6 billion required to modernise ports, railways, roads and other facilities over the next decade had been allocated or committed by donor oatinns.

Potential donors had been identified for 74 out of 90 industrial projects throughout the nine member states, and funding would be discussed at talks with industrial nations in Lusaka next November, the report said.

It said the SADCC bad developed into a significant regional organisation in its three years of existence.

President Samora Macbel of Mozambique told the summit the SADCC was not created to interfere with the internal affairs of South Africa.

But Pretoria had responded to it with "the most gross violation of the basic rules of coexistence between sovereign statas," be said.

SADCC members wanted to turn southern Africa into "a zone of peace, progress and well-being," Mr. President Machel

"We refuse to depend politically or economically on South Africa, as on any other country. We refuse to give in to blackmail.'

Algeria faces oil glut with effective measures to retain economic stability

By Francis Ghiles

ALGERIA - Algerian leaders have a calmer air than most of their Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) or Third World peers these days, even though the \$5 cut in the price of crude oil agreed in March could cost the country between \$1 bil-lion and \$1.5 billion in lost rev-

enues this year. Two factors explain their calmness. The first is that over the past decade Algeria bas reduced its dependence on exports of crude oil, which is unlikely to account for more than 20 per cent of foreign earnings from hydrocarbons this year. Its place is being taken by natural gas, refined products, condensates and liquctied petroleum gas. Exports of gas will increase by 50 per cent in 1983. to 21 billion cu m.

The ability of Sonatrach, the state oil and gas monopoly, to taifor its product mix to changing world demand was a crucial factor in allowing the company to hold its foreign earnings at \$12.7 billing last year - close to the \$14.1 bilbon level reached in 1981.

The second reason why Algeria can afford to remain calm is that the country decided four years ago that foreign borrowing was no sol-utinn to its problems. The decision emerged from a full reappraisal. which began in 1979 wheo President Chadli Bendjedid came to power of earlier economic development plans.

The major conclusino of the study was that the previous conceotration on investment in heavy industry bad resulted in what the new leaders felt was an unacceptably high level of foreign debt. Algerian borrowers moved from feast to famine. When Sonattach raised \$700 million this spring, the first such operation by an Algerian borrower in over three years, the loan was given a very warm reception, in spite of its fine terms. These included a split spread of 1/2-% per cent for eight years with five years' grace.

The ready acceptance of the terms amounted to a vote of confidence from the international banking community in Chadli's policies.

Algeria bas always been very reticent when it comes to publishing debt figures, but reasonably accurate estimates suggest that had foreign borrowing not been halted in 1979 the country today would be travelling the same road to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) as so many other Third World countries.

The total foreign debt rose to \$24 billion in 1980, \$15 billion of which was drawn down. Total debt is now estimated to have declined to about \$20 billion, of which perhaps \$17 billion is drawn,

This year marks the peak repayment year on the large sums borrowed in the 1970s. Some \$4.3 billion will bave to be repaid - a figure which could drive the debtservice ratio as a percentage of exports to 37 per cent if the country's hard currency income declines to \$11.5 billion. Thereafter repayments decline to \$2,8 billion

Algeria continues to cut its coat according to its cloth, and not just where foreign borrowing is concerned.Instructions to slow down certain imports, notably in the consumer goods sector, were issued last summer, and total imports

this year will amount to no more than Dinars 46 billion (\$9.7 billion), a five per cent decline on last year's figure. However, Algeria's \$2.5 billion balance of payments

deficit in 1982 is expected to increase this year. It is an article of faith io the eurrent 1480-84 development plan that, more than additional factories. Algeria needs efficient management of existing industrial

plants. The need to increase production on the land is also stressed. Food imports cost \$2 billion last year, to which must be added \$1 billion of subsidies for staple foods. Prices of fruit and vegetables in Algeria are often three

or four times higher than in Western European cities. The authorities do not want control those prices too closely hecause they know that only by convincing farmers that they can both earn a good living and, when they are in the private sector, have

a surplus to invest can there be any hope of increasing production. Encouraging farmers, whose average age is increasing fast, is a further difficulty: the younger generation is not easer to work in the cooperatives and prefers living

in the cities. Similarly moves to encourage the private sector, which accounts for about one third of all emp-. loyment in Algeria and under Mr. Chadli's predecessor. Houari Boumediene, was held in deep suspicion, are aimed at creating more semi-finished and consumer good as well as more jobs.

No more than balf the estimated 350,000 young people who enter the labour market for the first time every year find a job or a place in a training school. At the same time the country, whose per capita income is now more than \$2,000 a year, has a voracious appetite for every type of semi-finished and consumer goods. Shortages of goods and all but basic foods have thus given rise to a large black economy.

An IMF report on Algeria noted last year that the anthorities were conducting a policy of anracting into the financial system some of the large currency hol-dings of the public, both in an effort to reduce the black economy and to facilitate the financing of Treasury needs.

As recommended in the report. Algerian banks are offering more attractive remuneration for deposits. particularly for those who

wish to raise loans to buy a house. A more attractive exchange rate for Algerian workers wishing to remit funds to their mother country should help boost the lotal sum of remittances, which declined to an estimated \$250 million

last vear.

Along with these efforts to integrate the black economy into the system, a number of steps have been taken recently to dismantle the many unnecessary controls which shackle the economy and are often a source of corruption.

All senior Algerian officials acknowledge that the rapidly rising population is a time bomb ticking away. The policies which could prevent it going off have been put on the statute book. Implementing them is a more difficult task. But, as with its foreign debt. Algeria has shown that it is capable of reassessing past policies and making bold decisions.

- Financial Times news features

Pro-Somoza Jews play back anti-Semitism

By Walker Simon

MANAGUA - In Nicaragua's only synagogue, scrolls of the Torah have been replaced by portraits of Sandinista leaders and stacks of Soviet-donated school

The building, sezied four years ago by the Sandinistas, has been converted into the headquarters of the National Children's Association.

it concealed past stands as a symbol of what Jews say was the suppression of their community following the 1979 overthrow of dictator Anastasio Somoza.

The charges of repression have surfaced in the U.S. congress and could play a role in determining U.S.-Nicaraguan relations. Jewish exiles accuse the San-

dinistas of an anti-semitic crusade to seize most of the assets of over 15 milling dollars, triggering the exodus of all but two of the 20 Jewish families here. Their wealth was a visible target

in Nicaragua where per capita income averages \$700 a year. But Nicaraguan leaders say they

are not anti-semites, only anti-Zionists. "The Sandinistas took most of our homes, farms, shops and factories within a few months of their triumph," says Bernardo Seh-

ish families left here. "It was like when Idi Aminexpelled the Asians from Uganda and confiscated their property."

tman, head of one of the two Jew-

The exiles say the action against Jews stems from the Sandinistas' links with the Palestine Liberation Organisation. The ties were strengthened

when Israel shipped tonnes of arms to Somoza in the dictatorship's closing months - a factor cited by Sandinistas to justify Jewish property takeovers. Sandinista officials, interviewed in Managua, say Jews can return

home to launch legal appeals to

recover unjustly-seized property.

tried to return have faced discrimination. The officials do not dispute the

wide-ranging takeovers, but say the confiscations were not driven by anti-semitism. We are not anti-semites, only anti-Ziooists," Tourism Minister

Herte Lewites told Retuers. Mr. Lewiles. whose father was Jewish and mother Catholic, saidthe Sandinistas exercised no discrimination against him.

He said Education Minister Carlos Tunnerman and Telecommunications Minister Enrique Schmidt, both half-Jewish, also suffered no harassment.

The presence of Jewish descendants in the cabinet even prompted Foreign Minister Miguel d'Escoto last month to quip to reporters: "It would seem you have to have Jewish blood to qualify for a cabinet post."

D'Escoto said the great majority of Jews "left the country because of their ties to Somoza But exiles say those who have and because surely their con-

sciences weighed heavily on

Mr. Lewites said the Sandinista takeovers were justified because the Jews had business links with Somoza_ Pressed for details, he said three

Jewish families owned a racetrack, gambling easino and baseball team together with Somoza. Exiles, who deny such business links, say I hat even if they had exi-

sted they would fail to justify the

sweeping Sandinista confiscation

of virtually all the 20 families' property. They remain convinced of deep-seated anti-semitism, saying that the trio of half-Jewish ministers were never practising Jews closely associated with their com-

The ultimate proof of prejudice, they say, was that the Sandinista guerrillas unsuccessfully tried to burn their synagogue in a Sabbath raid as Jews prayed inside a few months before Somoza's ove-

munity.

Research is of vital importance to us



Talking straight Marwan Muasher If any one thing is to characterise the Iwentieth century, it is the great boom that took place in teclinology. Never before has man aniassed so much knowledge in so little time. Never before has he been affected so much by this technology he ereated. And never before has the importance of technology to the human race been so

elearly spelled out. But what is the basis of technology? What keeps it ticking? What advances it and opens new arenas for it? If we are to pinpoint one main factor that is the driving foree behind ereating, maintaining and advancing technology, the obvious answer would be research. For without research, there is no technology.

Research ean be divided into two main fields: Basic, and applied. Basic research is that which is usually done for the sake ol advaneing knowledge. It is mostly theoretical in nature, and it serves to advance the state-of-the-art, to push forward the frontiers of knowledge in a particular field. It might or might not have an immediate or obvious practical app-. lication, but is conducted anyway to gain more insight into a certain problem so that when a practical application is sought, it has the a response to applications.

Applied research on the other hand is that which is concerned hnology to solve a particular problem at hand. It makes use of the results obtained from basic research, and while it sometimes produces new theoretical results. it usually is of an empirical nature. It does not usually produce new results of a basic nature, but rather mselves, and advancing knomolds the existing ones to solve particular problems.

Both kinds of research, basic ssified as theoretical and experimental, are very important. They also are interrelated. Many times, basic, theoretical research leads to results that can be employed by applied. experimental research. Applied research often leads to problems unthought of hitherto that need further basic research of a theoretical nature to understand the phenomena observed in applied research. In short, both kinds of research supplement each other.

Traditionally, there have been research. The leadership in con- without systematically supporting backfires, resulting in people that

for it. It often induces applications more or less assumed by unirather than come as the result of or versities, and that of applied research by companies, although that does not mean that each centre is able of conducting only one type with applying the available tec- of research. A university in devcloped countries is not only a place where knowledge is passed. but also one where it is created. Thus, it is not enough for professors there to teach younger generations, but it is their ongoing duty to also keep learning the-

wledge in their own fields.

there also realise the importance and applied, also very crudely cla- of research to keep upgrading their products, to the point where the idea of a relatively sized company without a research and development department is absurd. Moreover, these two eentres realise the importance of cooperation between themselves, and consequently there is a lot of joint programmes and constant fecdback between academia and ind-

On the other hand, companies

ustry.

The importance of research to a country cannot be overstated. A country cannot hope to make the transition from a technology using two main centres for conducting to a technology producing nation

necessary fundamentals laid out ducting basic research has been and conducting research. And that transition is vital. for without it, it will mean almost total dependence on other nations. But what makes a country technology producing? Why are the Americans. Japanese or Germans, for example. leaders in this regard?

> The argument of a country having better "brains" than other countries is no longer valid. No nation is genetically superior to other nations. This is a fact. What, then is the reason? Very simply, it is the system. If a country builds a system where the importance of research is realised, where an environment is created in which research is encouraged, then that system will be able to make full use of the "brains" of its citizens.

The Americans are a case in point. Historically, their country has been built from people iminigrating to the new world, looking for a fresh start. Thus, a sense of hard work. later developed in competitiveness, has evolved there to become a part of their life-style. The concept of competitiveness is essential in the American value system, where one is constantly taught to strive to achieve his very best in his field of interest. Actually, this sometimes

are experts in their fields but know actually start producing sys-line about many other things in tematically. What we should avoid little about many other things in

At any rate, that is why America attracted so many people from over the world, who found it in a place where their talents are allowed to freely develop in a heahhy research environment. A system has been built, not only of institutions and organisations but also one that is embedded in the culture, that accepts, supports and encourages research.

The point that I am making here is not to necessarily immitate the American life-style, only to realise the importance of building a system of values and of organisations that is conducive to research.

We have already started to do so, although our universities and research centres are still in their infancy. There are a lot of mistakes that are being and will be made along the way, but that is to be expected. We cannot expect to conduct research systematically with outstanding results ovemight. I think the point not to be lost sight of here is to remember that our main objective at this point is to lay out the basis for a system so that the next generation can find firm grounds to stand on and has the proper environment to that. We only have to look at the lidren who will

is to treat our research institutions as showcases, being too eager to show the world that we are good enough, and thus playing to short-term objectives instead of long term policies. We also should realise the importance of both kinds of research, and not concentrate only on applied research

which again might serve our short

term objectives, but which alone

does little to lay the necessary the-

oretical grounds for a stable and

solid research programme. I realise we have a bit of priorities, and that research might not fare highly among them. But it is certainly no luxury. It is a real need for us, one that will pay off

tremendously in the future. A lor of talk has been said about the human factor being Jordan's most valuable asset. This is more than just an emotional appeal or wishful hragging. For better or worse, the human resource is almost all we have, given the absence of any major natural resources in the country. As such, we have to: for we cannot allord not to, constantly upgrade the quality of this

Japanese as a living testimony that such a police does pay off. Since the government cannot

direct much money (an element, untoriunately, that is essential to research) towards research programmes, that money has to come from the private sector. The private sector and companies of this enuntry should realise the importance and advantages that research programmes can bring to them and the country. But more than that. I think the previleged. the rich of this country, should play a larger role in its development. They have had the chanee to better education and better life. They have been more expused to the world and have rich experiences to share. It is their moral obligation, therefore, to reach out and contribute towards a better society. I think this is an excellent chance to do so, where private companies can cooperate with universities and other research organisations to initiate research programmes and accelerate the rate at which we are going. We might not reap, nor should we expect to, substantial benefits in the short run, but twithout souhuman factor. A policy where res- inding too dramatic), we would earch lares highly does exactly have laid the grounds for our chi-

Can biotechnology help the Third World?



"It's a brand new seed. It kills bugs, waters and fertilizes itself and produces four corn crops a year. Unfortunately it needs a monthly service by a man from New York." (Earthscan)

By Jahn Elkington

LONDON - "This vaccine could radically after the economies of several South American couniries. It could improve their position in the world export of meat and meat products. Certainly it will increase world food supplies". said a U.S. scientist.

The speaker was Dr. Oennis Kleid, a microbiologist with Gen-entech Inc., the leading U.S. genctic engineering company. He was talking about the company's new vaccine against foot and mouth disease, produce with "recombinant ONA" technology, which rearranges microbes' genetic material to create new manmade life forms.

Optimistic forecasts about the potential of products manufactured using this and related bioengineering techniques, all virtually unknown a decade ago. have proliferated almost as fast as bacteria in a laboratory fermenter. Many of those forecasts are about economic opportunities for devcloping countries.

"Biotechnology, perhaps more than any other area of advanced applied science, offers solutions to the old problems which continue to hold many countries in the dark ages", says Dr. Burke Zimmerman of Cetus Corporation, one of Genentech's chief rivals. These problems include disease. malnutrition, over-population and the high cost and political vulnerability of energy imports.

"Unfortunately". Dr. Zim-merman concludes, "the benefits of biotechnology will remain primarily in the province of the economically advanced countries of the world, unless a workable means is found to bring it to the developing nations".

Well over \$800 million had been invested in the new U.S. biotechnology companies by the end of 1982. Some 61 per cent of this

has gone into health care research. compared with 23 per cent for agricultural applications. Animal and human health care products of recombinant DNA technology are already on the market in some countries -- and others are getting there faster than most analysis expected.

But diseases which are commercially interesting in the North -- diabetes, coronary thrombosis or even dwarfism -- are not key problems in the developing world. True, companies like Biogen and Genentech are working on vaccines against tropical diseases like malaria, but they are extremely sensitive about patenting their technology and thus about sharing it with others.

The World Health Organisation (WHO), which is working on several tropical disease vaccines, had helped fund research on anti-malarial vaccines at New York University, Genentech' has too few trained specialists; and was asked to help with production of even Nigeria poses problems. as processes from the laboratory bench to full-scale commercial plants. The company sought in return an exclusive licence to market the vaccine, and WHO refused. Genentech then pulled out of the project. Yet WHO, and other international organisations. badly need the experience and patented technology of such companies.

As for agriculture, biotechnologists are increasingly convinced that they can improve crop plants by endowing them with resistance to herbicides. insects, salt water, drought, cold, viruses and other environmental challeuges.

But, warns Mr. David Padwa of Agrigenetics Corporation. "manipulating bacterta is child's play compared to the genetic man-ipulation of plants". Less is known about plants. For each gene in a bacterium, plant may have tho-

will take longer to develop. The International Plant Research Institute formed two joint ventures with the Valaysian plantation group, Sime Darby, to genetically improve crops such as cassava, the date palm, rice and rubber, Both ventures promptly ran into major cash-flow problems.

Unilever has used genetic engineering methods successfully to boost yields from oil palms and has moved on to the coconut palm. But trying to transfer bio. technology on company-owned plantations is one thing; getting its benefits to Third World farmers quite another.

Say one wanted to transfer technologies for producing nitrogen-fixing micro-organisms. which could help farmers but their fertiliser bills: Papua New Guinea lacks the necessary technology and academic support; Zimbabwe the key fermentation processes are highly vulnerable to the sort of power-cuts endemic there.

Let some developing countries are already losing export income through biotechnologies. A major blow to sugar producing countries came recently with the announcement by Coca Cola and Poesi Cola that they planned to use less sugar and more high fructose com (maize) syrup, produced in the United States using an enzyme-assisted process.

New "intense sweeteners". such as thaumatin, are either already no the market or under development. Thaumatin is 2.500 times as sweet as sucrose and is a flavour-enhancer into the bargain. The original material came from a wild West African fruit, but thaumatin is now produced by bac-

Organisations such as Britain's Institute of Biotechnological Stu-

usands, so products in this field dies and Japan's International know-how, croding its lead in int-Centre for Cooperative Research ernational markets. However, and Training in Microbiological Engineering are helping developing countries build up their own biotechnological resources. They will also benefit from the new networks being developed by international organisations like the International Cell Research Organisation, the U.N. Environment Programme and UNE-

> But these will not achieve the scale of technology transfer neetechnology is proposed by the U.N. Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO). This would have a staff of at least 1001. involve capital costs of \$9.5 million (the buildings being donated hy the host countryl and need a inimum annual budger of \$8.6

The United States opposes the nations. idea, seeing such a centre as an uncontrollable conduit for U.S.

other developed countries, including Canada and Sweden, support the idea. Beleium, Cuba, India, Italy, Pakisian and Thailand are being considered as host countries, with Bangkok, Brussels and Trieste emerging as early fav-

Fears that multinational corporations will lock up bintechnology with watertight patents appear exaggerated, but the threats to developing economies ded. An International Centre for are real enough, On present plans, Genetic Engineering and Bio- the centre would be under-funded and over-extended, covering everything from animal vaccines to improved oil well yields.

> Yet something of the sort is needed, if bintechnology is to benefit the Third World rather than make it even more technologically and economically dependent upon the developed

> > -- Earthsean feature





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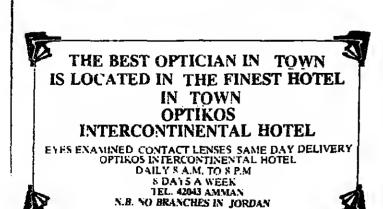


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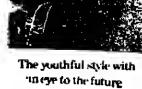
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SPORTS

Prost romps to British **Grand Prix triumph**

Alain Prost of France overcame an early challenge by Ferrari pair Patrick Tambay and Rene Arnoux and sped to the simplest of successes in the sun-soaked British Grand Prix motor race here on

Renault driver Prost was never troubled once he passed his two compatriots and finished comfortably clear of the Brabham of Nelson Piquet in second place.

Tambay was third in his brand new Ferrari while Britain's Nigel Mansell overcame numerous pre-race electrical problems with his Lotus and finished a deserved fourth.

Arnoux was fifth and Austrian Niki Lauda led home the first of the non-turbocharged cars with sixth place in his McLaren.

Prost extended his World Championship lead to six points. He has 39 points with former champion Piquet on 33 and Tambay

Prost said: "Everything was fine. My tyres were fantastic and the car behaved perfectly despite the hot conditions.

But moments after Prost was presented with his victory Garland Tyrrell team boss Ken Tyrrell slapped in a protest, claiming the Renault and Ferrari cars broke the

Tyrrell alleged that water was injected into the cars' fuel, and its cooling influence boosted power.

Race stewards met to consider the protest but no decision had been reached two hours' after the

Mansell's performance was particularly satisfying for Lotus whn had worked hard to produce a pair of brand new cars in the five-week gap between the Canadian and British Grands Prix.

Mansell, troubled by numberous electrical problems during practice, improved from 18th place on the starting grid.

His Italian team mate Elio de Angelis, who had seemed a major threat during qualifying, dropped out with engine failure on the second lap of the 67-lap (316.15km)

Former World Champion Niki Lauda proved the best of the drivers in non-turbocharged machinery. The Austrian finished sixth, a lap adrift of Prost.

protect his diminishing advantage.

ained him the mountain leader's

jersey which he had lost to Bri-

tain's Robert Millar on Thursday.

satisfaction after the events of that

day when a riders' go-slow over

doping regulations hit Jimenez's

Each time he tried to attack on a

climb where points could be sco-

red he was warned by Gilbert

Duclos-Lassalle, the French pro-

fessionals' spokesman, not to att-

empt anything because of the pro-

defence of the jersey.

He also gave the Colombians

Jimenez's performance reg-

Arroyo gives Spain first Tour de France win in 5 years

nce (R) - Angel Arroyo gave forecast before the start that he Spain their first Tour de France stage win since 1978 on Saturday but in the event he remained 52 when he won the 15.6 kilometre time trial from Clermont Ferrand to the top of the extinct Puy de Dome volcano,

minutes 43 seconds. 13 seconds ahead of compatriot, Pedro Delgado. Patrocinio Jimenez came third 16 seconds further back to give the Colombian amateur team their best placing of the tour.

The eyes of France were on their injured tour hero Pascal Simon, riding with his fractured wing on the Frenchman's team to

CLERMONT FERRAND, Fra- shoulder heavily strapped. He would lose the tour lead Saturday seconds clear of compatriot Lau-

rent Fignon. More than three minutes of Simon's lead were wiped out as he Arroyo, 28, came home in 4tt struggled on the vicious slopes of the 1,415-metre climb. He fin-

> I I th to fifth overall and is now Simon, and with more mountain stages ahead the pressure is gro-

ished five minutes 10 seconds behind Arroyo. The Spaniard jumped from four minutes 24 seconds behind

> As a result he missed valuable points and Colombians demanded an official protest by their national cycling federation. But Colombian official Hector Urrego. although clearly unhappy, said there would be no complaint.

The Colombians, down to five of their original 10 men, now have Jimenez in the top 20 as the cyclists face more mountains on Sunday in the 144-kilometre race

Coe slumps to shock defeat

LONDON (R) — Britain's Olympic Champion Sebastian Coe Zdravokic finisher slumped to his second 1,500 metres defeat in three weeks when he was beaten into second place by Yugnslav Dragan Zdravkovic at an interoational athletics meeting at Crystal Palace here Friday

Coe was again found wanting for pace in the final straight after he had led into the last lap with the race seemingly well within his

Last month Spain's Jose Luis Gonzalez scored a similarly spectacular victory over Coe in Paris and the Briton's hopes of running both the 800 and the 1,500 metres at the inaugural World Athletics Championships in Helsinki next month may have been dashed by

Zdravokic finished in three minutes 35.28 seconds, while Coe returned 3:36,03 and third-placed Wilson Waigwa of Kenya 3:36.62.

The meeting, held before a capacity audience on a sultry London night, was the first permit meeting in Britain and attracted a starstudded field for the full programme of championship and non-championship events.

New Zealand's John Walker and Ireland's Eammon Coghlan. both noted Milers, stepped up a distance to win the 2,000 and 3.000 metres respectively, while Coe's great rival Steve Ovett. world 1.5till metres record holder and Olympic Silli metres champion, cruised to an impressive victory in the Little metres.

Spinks retains title after non-fight

WASHINGTON (R) - In one of the most bizarre episodes in boxing history, undefeated Michael Spinks has retained his undisputed world light heavyweight crown without lifting a glove.

What was supposed to be the first title fight in 24 years in Washington fell through when top contender Eddie Mustafa Muhammad failed to make the necessary 175 pound (79.4 kilos) weight limit for the scheduled 15-round bout on Friday.

Muhammad, who lost his World Boxing Association title to Spinks two years ago, came in at 177.5 pounds (NIL5 kilos) on the official scales and was given two hours to sweat it off..

But he claimed he weighed 175 rounds and the scales were rigged. Rather than lose the disputed pounds, he forfeited the fight and lost his long-sought chance to recaputre the title.

Promoter Butch Lewis tried to salvage a bout by staging a nontitle III-rounder. Muhammad agreed. but Spinks backed out.

In the end there was something that actually approached fighting at a post non-fight press conference.

Lewis said Muhammad brought in a motorcycle gang called the Assassins" from his home town in Brooklyn, New York, to intimidate boxing officials.

Spinks, who claimed Muhammad had insulted the integrity of boxing, became involved in a shoving maich with the challenger's fans including some of the motorcycle gang.

Then Lewis and Muhammad started after each other. But Dwight Braxton, who lost the World Boxing Council version of the championship to Spinks in March, broke up the brawl to end the press conference.

IOC, FIFA reach agreement on eligibility

ZURICH (R) - The Int- of the 1984 Olympic soccer tou-(IOC) and the International Foothall Federation (FIFA) reached an agreement on Friday night on players' eligibility for final rounds

ernational Olympic Committee mament an IOC spokesman said. The two organisations decided that players could take part in the competition if they are a member of a FIFA affiliated association or if their country has a National

Olympic Committee, recognised

However. Olympic ties will exclude players who earn their living from football and South America and European players if they have previously played in World Cup games, either in preliminaries or in the finals.

It will also exclude footballers who, according to the IOC, have broken rules of "fair play". especially if they have been involved in drug taking or used violence on

The agreement still has to be officially ratified by both organisations.

Jordanian swimmers meet visiting American team

By Reem Habayeb Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The atmosphere around the pool at the Hussein Sport City was filled with excitement last Tuesday. It was the first time a foreign swimming team was in Jordan to compete with a local team. The visitors were the swimming team of American residents in Saudi Arabia.

The competition that was organised by the Jordanian Swimming Federation and Alia, was held under the patronage of H.R.H. Prince Ra'd Ibn

With 48 Jordanian participants and 27 Americans, the competitors gave formidable per-formances on Tuesday and Wednesday mornings

in front of more than a 1,000 spectators. The Jordanian team won gold medals in 25 per cent of the races, which meant that they did fairly

well considering the disparity in the organisation and training between the two teams.

The obvious obstacles for the Jordanian team were that very few of them knew or were trained to do the proper flip turn when reaching one end of the pool, which saves a few seconds in the race; and the other was that none of them were wearing swimming hats, which helps put the hair out of the

Amongst the Jordanian team, those who gave comendable performances were Luna Dallal and Amer Wazani in the races for age group 10 and below. Ages 10-12 were Alda Zumot and Rami Safadi. Ages between 12-14, Mouna Abdel Hamid. Imad Wazani, Ali Wazani and Raed Dallal, Between the ages of 14-16 Yana Shokom, Ihab Qassab, and Lousy Al Khatib. And ages 16 and above were May Bdonr and Lutfi Jarrar.

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Poll reveals split over South African sporting boycott

JOHANNESBURG (R) - A newspaper opinion poll has revealed a fascinating variety of opinions among South African blacks on whether their country should be shunned by the sporting world because of its apartheid (racial

The poll was conducted by the City Press. the country's largest circulating black-orientated weekly пеwspaper.

In an attempt to give its readers the full facts on the sporting boycott. City Press published throughout June the views of key personalities on both sides of the

These included, for the proisolationists. San Ransamy, the head of the South Africa Non-

Hassan Howa, former president of the South African Council of Sport, whose phrase "no normal sport in an abnormal society" has . become a banner for the antiapartheid sports movement. g those calling for a ret-

urn to the world arena were Danie Craven, South Africa's outspoken "Mr. Rugby", and Errol Tobias. the first non-white rugby player to wear the Springbok colours. In the end a majority--57 per

cent-of those writing in said South Africa should be isolated from world sport until apartheid is abolished. But it was the sentiments exp-

ressed in letters written by City Press readers that revealed more than the voting figures. As the paper admitted it obtained the votes only of those committed enough to write in, while the total number of replies--853--might not be considered large enough to give a true reflection of opinion.

More than 2000 voters wrote letters with their ballot papers. For or against the boycott, they revealed a bitterness and anger against apartheid which the voteless

Racial Olympic Committee. and black population can find difficult to express legally. Comments from those favouring the boycott included:

-It is better to suffer now than to suffer forever. -Let the world practise sports apartheid against South Africa. because the whites practise apa-

rtheid against us. -How would it be if Ace Mnini (a local soccer star) were arrested for a pass offence on the eve of his departure for the World Cup?

Those wishing South Africa to be readmitted to the sports world focussed on the way the boycott had spoiled the careers of black

-Why should we deny our black brothers the chance to prove themselves as world-class sportsmen? --Let our black brothers be allowed to play overseas... when they return, they'll launch a thousand

All the letters appeared to disprove the view touted by many politicians and sports administrators overseas that "sport and politics don't mix."

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U.S. economy improves

WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S. lessle prices was the biggest since sumer price inflation running at an economy continues to improve briskly, despite a rise in prices last added. month, according to two government reports released Friday.

The Federal Reserve Board said industrial production rose by I.I per cent last month, the seventh successive monthly increase in factory output.

U.S. factories have been steadily boosting production since last November and have already made up about half the production stifled by recession.

Wholesale prices, which normally anticipate consumer price inflation by two to three months. rose by 0.5 per cent in June, the Labour Department said, though wholesale costs still declined at a digit rates that ravaged the couone per cent annual rate in the first nury from 1979 to 1981. half of this year.

last November, the department

A spokesman for President Reagan quickly hailed both reports as "a winning combination" that showed the recovery was now established on a broad front.

"Production is up and inflation remains under control," said White House Deputy Press Secretary Larry Speakes. The fall in wholesale costs dur-

ing the first half of 1983 virtually guarantees a low inflation rate for the year as a whole. White House economists project inflation will be within the

four to five per cent range for several years, far below the double-

The latest official figures, rel-Last month's increase in who- eased in May, showed U.S. con- and egg prices.

annual rate of 3.5 per cent.

The economists expect the economy to show increasing vigour this year, expanding by 5.5 per cent between the final quarters of 1982 and 1983,

The rise in June wholesale prices was widely expected.

As anticipated, higher energy prices were mostly responsible for the advance. Petrol and home heating oil prices each jumped by more than five per cent last

Had the price gains recorded for energy products not been considered, overall wholesale prices would have risen only 0.1 per cent in June. Wholesale food costs fell by 0.6 per cent last month, reflecting sharp drops in fish, pork

Zia to seek more Japanese aid

ISLAMABAD (R) — President reased its economic aid to Isl-Zia Ul Haq of Pakistan left Sat- amabad since the the Soviet milurday for a six-day state visit to Japan which Pakistani officials Afghanistan at the end of 1979. said would focus on increased Japanese aid to Pakistan was economic aid and cooperation.

GENEVA (R) - The United States defended institutions such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank Friday

and said it was not necessary to restructure the world financial system

The U.S. ambassador to the United Nations Economic and Social Council (Ecosoc), Mr. Jose Sorzano, attacked calls for a rem-

oulding of the international financial system as "proposals which

could have devastating effects on the world economy, particularly the

economies of developing countries which are heavily dependent on

"we face today what is overwhelmingly, though not entirely, a short-

Monetary Fund, the World Bank, the Bank for International Set-

tlements and the commercial banking structure, are proving the-

mselves capable of dealing with the problem and have skillfully

They were not rigid and inflexible institutions, as some people

claimed, he added, but were imaginative, innovative and aware of

The ambassador said indications had multiplied that the U.S.

economy was experiencing a strong recovery and "without min-

imising the gravity of the situation or the difficulties still to be

overcome, it should be noted that there are signs pointing to an

Concern over the current crisis was real and justified, be said but

The existing financial mechanisms, including the International

in cope with the current Third World debt crisis.

General Zia was to make what the officials called a refuelling stopover for Saturday night at Shanghai, China's largest city, before

going on to Tokyo Sunday. His visit will include an audience with Emperor Hirohito and two rounds of talks with Prime

Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone. Japan is one of Pakistan's leading trading partners and has inc-

access to foreign capital."

term liquidity problem."

averted disaster." the ambassador said.

amelioration of the debt crisis.

THE BETTER HALF

amabad since the the Soviet military intervention in neighbouring

doubled to \$132 million in 1980 and totalled more than \$150 million during the fiscal year that ended last June 3(t,

The amount is expected to increase during the 1983-84 fiscal year, the Pakistani officials said.

The officials said Gen. Zia might discuss the possibility of Japan making a long-term aid commitment, instead of a yearto-year allocation, to help Pak-

By Harris

istan meet targets set in its new small cars in Pakistan. United States defends Pakistan is also seeking Jap-IMF, World Bank, BIS

\$3% billinn. five-year economic

development plan. The general is also scheduled to meet Japanese business leaders and Pakistani sources said he was expected to urge them to make investments in Pakistan.

Pakistan is encouraging foreign private investment and has given assurances of protection.

Japan's Suzuki company set up a car plant in Pakistan last year in collaboration with the state-run Pakistan Automobile Corporation (Paco).

The Toyota Motor Corporation said last month it too was discussing a proposal to assemble

anese cooperation in truck assembly, power generation, and road-building.

Brazil wins time on BIS debt repayment

BASLE, Switzerland (R) - Bra- otiations it had struck an agrzil. the world's largest debtor, will eement with the IMF for the relsign a financing agreement with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) on Monday safe in the loan. knowledge it has won breathing space on a separate loan it has fai-

led to repay to central banks. The Bank for International Settlements (BIS), based here, said Friday it would not formally extend a \$400 million bridging credit for Brazil, which has outstanding foreign loans totalling some \$90 billion.

But the BIS, which groups major world central banks, took into account the progress Brazil had made in assuring new funds from the IMF and said it would not for the time being call upon central banks to meet the repayment as guarantors.

Bankers have interpreted this as meaning that the BIS bas in fact extended the loan, despite a warning from BIS President Fritz Leutwiler there would be no further rollover beyond Friday's

payment deadline. The loan had already been rolled over twice. after it was originally due for repayment at the end of May.

Brazil had asked for a third extension and told the BIS it was unable to pay the \$400 million. part of a \$1,45 billion deal arr-

anged by central banks last year. The BIS said in a communique from its Basie headquarters it looked forward to resumption of IMF financing to Brazil which would facilitate the repayment of the bridging loan.

Brazil said on Thursday that

ease of a \$41 I million second instalment of a three year \$4.9 billion

This second instalment was held up because Brazil had not met IMF demands on government economies, but the new deal is now due to be signed on Monday following the announcement of austerity measures including some de-indexing of wages from the cost of living to reduce inflation. Meanwhile, support appeared

to be growing Saturday for a national strike in Brazil next week to protest against economic measures imposed by the government in its efforts to cope with the world's largest debt.

The government action prompted several union leaders who were initially dubious about the strike call to give it their end-

The government must face the crisis in the absence of President Joao Figueiredo, who underwent a heart operation Friday night in Cleveland, Ohio. A spokesman there said the operation was completely successful but the president would have to spend up to a month recuperating.

Before handing over temporarily to Vice-President Aureliano Chaves on Thursday. General Figueiredo announced that from next month inflation-linked pay increases could only compensate for 80 per cent of the current inflation rate of more than 125 per cent a year.

Finance Minister Emane Galveas told reporters Friday night ned next Monday or Tuesday. But the measure equally gave a boost to a campaign by a group of

137 trade unions for a national protest strike next Thursday. Labour Minister Murilo Mac-

edo flew 10 Sao Paulo. Brazil's main industrial centre, to try to defuse the protest but was immediately snubbed by several normally moderate trade union lea-

Only two of them turned up for a meeting with him and they gave him a letter from the group saying the wages cut meant talks had lost all meaning.

"I told them it was time for all of us to unite and give the economic authorities the biggest possible vote of confidence," Mr. Macedo told a television reporters." I believe a general strike now could compromise Brazil's image abr-

The unionists boycotting the meeting included Mr. Joaquim Dos Santos Andrade, head of the Sao Paulo metalworkers union who represents about 400,000

In other parts of Brazil, union leaders also expressed support for the strike protest.

The wages cut also brought criticism from some business leaders who said the subsequent drop in consumer spending would increase bankrupicies and une-

Mr. Ermilio De Moraes, head of a major trading group, told reporters the government should compensate the poor by helping with their electricity and water

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JULY 17, 1983

YOUR DAILY

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Until 2 P.M. it is difficult to get the good will and the assistance of an associate who means a great deal to you so don't force issues. Gain others' respect.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Plan a little time to help an associate with some problematical affair early, then you can do some entertaining.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) There may be some delay in showing gratitude to one who has done you a big favor but later you come to a far better understanding.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21] Something comes up that prevents you from having fun, but be patient and later you can take care of a monetary matter.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 211 Avoid a family squabble all will be peaches and cream. Relax at home. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 211 You find it difficult to understand aome philosophy, but upon analyzing it, it later

becomes clear to you. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22] If you cut down on ex-

penses you can get out of that feeling of lack and build a reserve. Enjoy the company of a friend. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You find it difficult to get

organized. Spend some time analyzing your problems systematically.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A secret worry could find you annoyed, but as soon as that is cleared up, you can look into some new interest.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Dn not expect a friend to go along with your ideas in the morning so await the afternoon. Spend time with a loved one. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 201 One in power needs to

be carefully handled in the morning, but later a partner comea thru with a fine favor. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) That new idea you have is not workable, so schedule your coming week's ac-

tivities accordingly. Allies are reliable now. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Some responsibility you have to meet could have you going in circles, but it is soon

done. Accept invitationa. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will learn many a lesson during childhood because of the great patience in this nature and also wanting to see a thing through to its conclusion. These qualities can come in

very handy upon reaching maturity. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

after several days of tense neg- that a new letter of intent with the bills. Malaysia attracts new investors

aysia, pressing rapidly ahead with development despite the world recession, has attracted a wave of interest from new foreign inv-

Japan, the country's most important investor and trading partner, now faces stiff competition from Western states seeking to cash in on a drive by Malaysia to join the ranks of industrialised

nations by the end of the decade. France and Canada. in particular, have begun to make gains by offering competitive credit fin-

Interest from Paris and Ottawa other main trading partners-the United States, West Germany and Britain-to send a stream of trade and investment missions.

Fully aware of the country's investment potential, Malaysian officials have made it clear that both favourable financing and advanced technology and skills are needed.

The Malaysian economy, thougb hit by recession, has mai-

I HAVE BEAUTIFUL

MEMORIES OF OTHER SUMMER

NIGHTS JUST LIKE THIS.

Peanuts

ntained its enviable position as both an oil exporter and the leading producer of tin. rubber, palm oil and tropical hardwoods.

Malaysis has shelved some projects in its 1981-85 economic development plan but a senior official recently said there would be no radical cuts in the \$19.5 billion budget for the plan.

Canada stepped up its interest in Malaysia with the visit in January of Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau, who led a delegation of industrialists and businessmen. This was followed in May by

Gerald Regan. ancing and Canadian technology in telecommunications, power and resource development.

France also plans further missions in the wake of Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy's visit late last

The French have offered new credit facilities to Malaysia. Renewed French interest could have stemmed from what they saw as a vacuum created by Kuala

MY SWEET BABBOO AND

I USED TO SIT OUT HERE

ON THIS PORCH SWING

LISTENING TO THE MUSIC

HOLDING HANDS AND

Lumpur's restrictive trade policy introduced against Britain in

Malaysia's former colonial power to greater activity and last year British exports exceeded those of

ranked second only to Japan's. Malaysian Prime Minister Datuk Seri Mahathir Mohammad lifted the restrictions against the British earlier this year.

New French credits helped one company. Merlin Gerin, win a 3/1 million ringgit (\$13 million) con-International Trade Minister tract to supply equipment for iniial development of a power project on the west coast.

The French and the Canadians are competing for a project to build a 500 million ringgit (\$217 million I pulp and paper mill in the northeastern state of Kelantan.

Officials said the Canadians. through Klockner Stadler Hurter Ltd, were intending to make a bid. backed up by one of the best government financing arrangements the North Americans had ever

A French consortium of Sogee.

Creusot-Loire enterprises and Ironically, the policy provoked Fougerolle were about to submit their proposals. The French consortium is also

footing the bill for a feasibility study on Malaysia's state-owned British investments in 1982. Heavy Industries Corporation (Hicom). Earlier this month two French

firms. Alsthom Atlantique and Alsthom Export, together with a Japanese company, won contracts worth more than 500 million ringgit (\$217 million) to build gas plants for a power station in the northeastern state of Trengganu. Officials said Malaysia's image

as a viable investment centre in Southeast Asia had not been affected by government forecasts of lower growth rates compared to earlier highs of nearly nine per ceni in 1479.

"Four to five per cent growth rates are still very high and envied by Western nations, many of whose economies have slumped to one per cent or even less," one foreign trade official said.

SHOULD HAVE!

DO YOU KNOW

ANYTHING?

THE Daily Crossword by Fran Ragus

1 River in Spain dioces 27 Antedilu-

In Soho 30 Salvador 9 Serving aa and family a guide 14 To shelter 33 Item tor

37 Others: Lat. 38 Move 20 Manhandi 22 Build

15 Zona

16 Seed

17 Horse

18 Low or

23 Flbbed

potato

color

reverse

smoothly 39 Huron's neighbor Foolish 42 Vacuum 43 Small 44 Southern

60 Declaims Second-hand 62 Off-white 63 English 45 French pal 64 Maiden 65 British

49 Metal

refuse

50 South seaa

52 Chanta in

58 Gladly,

59 School

old atyle

a alngsong

"Lend ma 3 Hindmost 4 Wine expert 5 Labeled 8 Nymph 7 Phobia 8 Chickens

sial

35 Prong 36 Comic strip screeches 38 Marriment 41 Most creepy 42 Noggin 44 Tow-heada 45 Wam 46 Cheekbone 47 Fatuoua 49 Hog corrala 51 Letter abbr. 53 Space org. 54 Diplomacy 55 Raison d'-

11 Musical

12 Looking-

glass girl 13 French

21 African

25 Wings

27 Bedouin

robes

29 Emerald

30 Rayed

flower 31 Certain

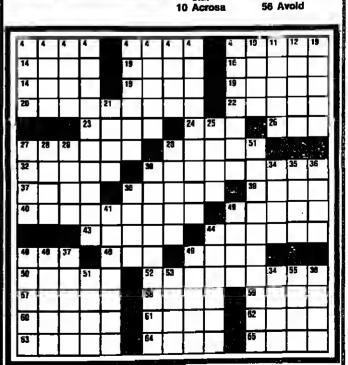
swindles 33 Abundant

34 Rusalan

mountain

28 Strong wind

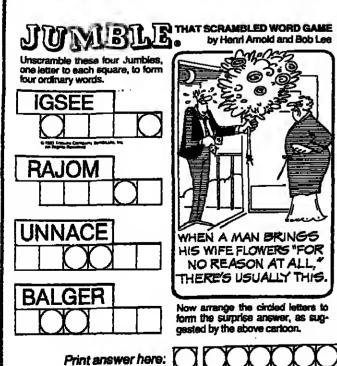
Instrumants

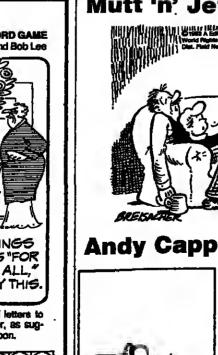


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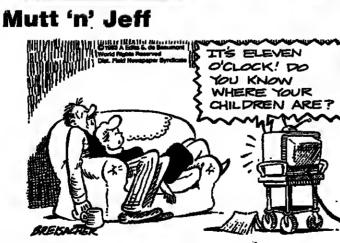
0 HARRIS You can try to get out of jury duty, but

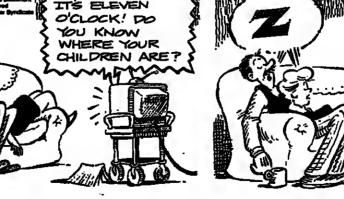
I don't think they're going to buy it."





(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: WOVEN HABIT DECADE FAMISH Answer: How the farmer knew it was time to get up-IT DAWNED ON HIM



















WORLD

U.S. to sell more arms to Taiwan

PEKING (R) — The announcement by the Reagan administration of its largest-ever arms sale to Taiwan is unlikely to result in a sharp deterioration in relations with China, diplomats said Saturday.

as a surprise to the Peking government as the United States announced in March plans to sell a total of \$800 million worth of weapons this year to the Nationalist-ruled island, they

The diplomats said the Chinese reaction to the March announcement was relatively mild. They noted that although Peking complained that the plans violated a U.S. pledge to reduce its arms sales to Taiwan, it did not take any

"The Chinese won't be too happy with the deal but even if they dnn't like it at least they were expecting it so they prohably

Peking regards Taiwan as a hreakaway province, and views arms sales to the island as interference

spokesman declined to make any immediate comment on the deal.

The official New China News Agency (NCNA) said in a report from Washington that the "new package showed once again that the Reagan administration wants to continue the arms sale to Taiwan on a large scale."

The latest deal hrings total U.S. weapons deliveries to Taiwan tn about \$660 million so far in the current financial year.

U.S. arms sales to Taiwan have been the main cause of friction in Sino-U.S. relations, cooled considerahly after President Reagan promised to improve Washington's links with the Nat-

Diplomats said there had recently been signs of improved rel- enhance the island's defence capations with Peking, and pointed

to a relation in curbs on exports of high technology equipment, some of which has potential military applications, and to plans by Defence Secretary Caspar Weinherger to visit China this autumn. Meanwhile, Taiwan Ssturday

welcomed the new arms deal with the United States and said it would continue to seek to huy U.S. weapons to defend itself against possible communist aggression. A foreign ministry statement said the planned sale of \$530 mil-

lion worth of arms, showed Washington's sincerity in honouring the 1980 Taiwan Relations Act. Taiwanese defence ministry officials said the arms would greatly

involvement in international arms and drug trafficking, and Jelio Vassiley, a former employee at the Bulgarian emhassy in Rome, the

of Pope John Paul II has que-

stioned alleged accomplices of the

pontiff's Turkish assailant in

Sofia informed Italian sources

Magistrate Ilario Martella int-

erviewed Bekir Celenk, a Turk

held in Bulgaria on suspicion of

said Saturday.

sources said. They said Magistrate Martella has also questioned Rossitza Antonov, wife of Sergei Antonov, a

on suspicion of complicity in the assassination attempt made by Mehmet Ali Agca.

Italian magistrate visits Sofia to

probe leads into papal shooting

Magistrate, Martella, who arrived in the Bulgarian capital last Monday, is investigating allegations that Bulgarian secret service agents were behind the attempt, a charge that Sofia denies.

Agea is now serving a life sen-tence in an Italian prison for the May 198I attack in which the pontiff was seriously wounded.

The Italian sources said that. Saturday the visiting magistrate would question Todor Ayvazov, a

SOFIA (R) — An Italian mag-istrate prohing the 1981 shooting the Italians are holding in Rome garian embassy in Rome, and return home on Monday.

The sources said Magistrate Martella's Sofia trip had not yet revealed any new elements though some alibis had been checked.

Bulgaria and Italy have no formal accord covering investigations such as this on each other's territory and Magistrate Martella's questioning has taken place through a Bulgarian examining magistrate, the sources said.

Agea has been quoted by Italian newspapers as saying Celenk was on the payroll of the Bulgarian

boring performance

IN

PRESTEIGNE. Wates (R) Two musicians drove people in this Wlesh market town to sinmber and desperation by playing the world's "most boting piece of music" for 18 hours. "A crueller version of the Chinese water torture," said one listener. among a handful of volunteers spompred to stay awake for a performance of eccentric French composer Erik Satie's weirdeat work, "vexations," to raise funds for a local arts festival. Music teacher Adrian Fish, aged 27, who took turns at an

Mother jailed for debauching daughters

AUCKLAND (R) — A mother who used her two schoolgirl daughters as prostitutes to help pay for a plot of land was given an 18-month jail mentence: Henderson District Court heard that the mothr artificially suppressed the menstrual cycle of her partially-deaf dauther. I 4. to keepher working as a prostitute. Her sister, 15, was forced to work in amassage parlour and on one occ-assion had sex with six customers. The prosecution said the girls earned enough in a few months for their parents to pay off 17,000 dollars (\$11,150) on the plot of land. The case came to light after the 14-year-old was found to have venereal disease.

Air Force, a group of Americans has alleged in court. Pentagon officials said a demand was filed that the air force release "the remains of the extraterrestrial being orbeings" the group said it was holding. Air force secretary Vernon Orr has 60 days to respond to the group called citizens against unidentified Flying Object (UFO) secrecy, the officials said. The group implied that some live aliens might be in detention, saying they were being subjected to unwarranted deprivation of their right to travel." They did not say where they thought extraterrestrials were being held, hut UFO groups often allege that it is

LONDON (R) - A parrot called-

Killer's freezer

NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana (R) - A 25-year-old man who kept butchered human flesh and bones in his freezer was found guilty of murdering his roomate. The jury took only 10 minutes to convict Lawrence Crowley who now faces a mandatory sentence of life imprisonment. The flesh in the freezer was not identified hut prosecutor Chris Philipp said state law only

ernment staff in the South Indian State of Andhra Pradesh began an indefinite strike Saturday, giving film star Chief Minister N.T. Ram Rao his biggest administrative headache since he won power six months ago. Leaders of 600,000 junior government employees said the strike, over pay and conditions, would go shead after talks with the administration collapsed on Thursday night. Ir was not immediately clear how many stopped work but teachers decided against striking after they reached agreement with the government Friday night, the Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency reported.

Millions struggle against new Yangtse flood crest

PEKING (R) - Mnre than two millinn troops and civilians are struggling to protect dykes along the lower Yangtse River which is threatened hy a new flood crest. the New China News Agency (NCNA) said Saturday.

It described the situation as grave, and said that as an emergency measure three sluice-gates had heen ordered closed on the Hanjiang River, a tributary of the Yangtse, to stagger the flood peak along its middle reaches.

But it said no damage had been caused when the crest passed through Nanking and other cities and rainfall along the middle and lower stretches had decreased in the last few days.

However, water was still rising at the scenic Yangtse gorges where it was flowi Friday moroing at a rate of 41,200 cuhic metres

The agency said a number of leakages and slides had occurred in dykes along the river in Anhui Province, where at least 90 people

Water levels along a 1.479kilometre stretch in the central province of Hubei were above the warning level and residents had been warned to prepare themselves for the coming crest, it

The floods have hit some of China's most fertile farmland which grows much of the country's rice, hut few details of crop dam-

age have been reported so far. towns of Nanchang and Jiujiang were under emergency repair.

(R) - Three Filipino gunmen have killed a family of five in an attack on a Filipino refugee village off the east Malaysian state of Sahah police said here Saturday.

The gunmen sprayed automatic rifle fire into five huts last Wednesday on the fishing island of Pulau Timha Timha, 32 kilometres off the southeast coast of this Borneo island state.

About 100,000 Filiplnos mainly from the southern island of Mindanao, have fled to east Sabah since the height of fighting between Philippines government troops and secessinnist rehels of the Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) in 1972.

Killed in the attack last Wednesday were a Filipino couple and their three daughters who arrived on the island only five weeks ago. Two men and twn young girls were injured.

Police said that they were puzzled by the killings as robbery did not appear to be the motive. The Sahah Times. a state-owned English-language newspaper, said the killers could the southern Philippines to silence dissidents in the MNLF.

Police would not comment on the newspaper report hut police commissioner Jahya Yeop Ishak said the gunmen could have

"I believe they will strike

and injuring 31 as it tore a trail of

churches. schools, government

(5900.000)

ponents still push on tn

game, they must have distri-

hutinnal assets. A trump lead

could gain you a tempo and

enable you to cut down on

their ruffing power. Similar-

ly, if the apponents have hid

two auits and end up in a

third, they might intend play-

Panda food running short

GLAND. Switzerland (R) -Thina's rare giant panda's could face starvation in their main reserve because of a shortage of arrow hamhoo, their principal food, the Wnrld Wildlife Fund

(WWF) said Friday. Arrow hamboo flowers nace every 80 years or so then dies out for several years before regenerating. This summer more than 90 per cent of the hamboo flowered at Wolong reserve in Sichuan Province, signalling an imminent shortage.

There are thought to be more than 1.000 pandas left in China and Wolong, largest of the country's 11 panda reserves. has about 200 of them.

Bush booed in N. Orleans

CANCUN. Mexico (R) — The Presidents of four Latin American countries meet in the Mexican NEW ORLEANS (R) - Viceresort of Cancun this weekend to President George Bush was booed advance their peace initiative for and hissed Friday when he tried to Central America.
Mexican President Miguel De convince the largest hlack organisation in the United States that La Madrid invited the heads of last Wednesday, the summit seeks President Reagan cares about the state from Venezuela, Colombia well-being of hlacks. and Panama of the so-called Con-

"Check the record. not the rhetoric." Mr. Bush declared over and over again to a crowd of 54000 gathered for the final day of the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People

(NAACP) meeting here.
Mr. Bush said the Reagan administration had done more to fight housing discrimination and racial violence and given more aid to hlack husinesses than any previous administration.

The NAACP convention annnunced Friday that it would sue the Reagan administration on a charge of trying to water down enforcement of civil rights laws. Afterwards Benjamin Hooks.

executive director of the NAACP. praised Mr. Bush for his appearance, saying he was a man of courage, dignity and integrity. But he said the speech clearly had not tesolved the rift between the Reagan administration and the civil rights organisation.

"If Mr. Reagan changed, he might get some hlack support, hut if he doesn't, he won't," Mr. Hooks said.

Mr. Bush had told the audience: The president cares. He really does. And I care. You can laugh. But I really mean it. I know a wall of misunderstanding exists, but for our part, we are determined to break it dnwn".

He said the differences were nn methods, not goals.

Polish martial law to end Friday

WARSAW (R) — Little real liberalisation is likely with the expected ending of martial law in Poland this week. Westero diplomats were quoted as saving.

They said the government of Gen. Wnjciech Jaruzelski had hegun huilding a network of restrictive laws having the same effect as military rule and Poland could expect little of the rel-. axation of sanctions it wants.

The expected lifting of martial law this Friday, the Polish national day, was seen as having little effect on the daily life of Poles.

The military control of factories was expected to gn. but stiff restrictions on travel to the West, the Poles' main complaint, are unlikely to be eased, the diplomats

tadora group, for talks because of

the urgent need to defuse tension

in the region, a Mexican for-

eigninistry spokeswnman said.

assador to the United States said

Friday she was hlindfolded, tied

small truck by the three men who

abducted her from her Miami

Celia Eleannt Quinonez. 53.

told a press conference that ber

rescue by Federal Bureau of Inv-

estigation (FBI) agents Thursday

night was like a television drama.

FBI officials said the abductors

demanded \$1.5 million in ransom

as a "war tax" to be sent to El

Salvador. But the mntive was app-

arently financial and not political,

Mrs. Quinonez said she was

freed fram a telephone booth as

the kidnappers were having her

call her husband Robertn, an

export-import dealer in Miami. to

Twelve people, including a

Guaiemalan diplomat, have been

arrested in the Washington and ching TV".

say she was alive and well.

home last week.

they added.

Most Poles could travel until the declaration of martial law on Dec. 13, 1981, when all passports were invalidated.

Regulations passed since then make trips possible only for hus-inessmen, the elderly or people invited by those relatives abroad. The diplomats expect that during a session of the Sejm (par-liament) scheduled for July 20 and

21 there will be an announcement of a formal end to martial law. But they also expect the session to be presented with a list of new regulations on control of the work force and opposition, similar to

one introduced last December when martial law was suspended. The West's attitude to sanctions

unprecedented. The five previous

peace conferences of the group

since its formation last January on

the Panamanian island of Con-

tadora have all been held at min-

to strengthen the group's peace

hid to head off the threat of war

sweeping through Central Ame-

The presidential conference

comes against a hackground of

the kidnapping was continuing.

and I was put in a van." she said.

ked when they grahbed me and I was hit in the face and I started

She said she was treated fairly

well after she was hrought to a

Washington apartment and her

abductors told her she would not

be hurt if her husband paid the

FBI. she said. "1 was fla-

hbergasted. It was just like wat-

When she was rescued by the

days in captivity.

TRRSOID.

Mrs. Quinonez, who works as a

Announced at short notice only

isterial level.

The presidential meeting is deepening conflict hetween

WASHINGTON (R) - The wife Miami areas and an FBI spo-

FBI rescues kidnapped

wife of ex-ambassador

Central American group to try again for peace

will be strongly influenced by the extent of an amnesty for political offenders which is likely to be announced at the same time, the diplomats said.

Officially 202 people are in jail for political offences, 134 of them for organising strikes and other martial law offences.

But the diplomats said a further 250 were thought to be in jail awaiting trial or convicted of crimes such as hooliganism committed with political motives, and some estimates put the total as high as

Seven prominent Solidarity leaders and five members of the dissident movement KOR who were closely associated with the union are also in detention.

U.S.-hacked Honduras and

Nicaragua has said Honduran-

hased rightist rebels plan a new

invasion attempt with Honduran

army hacking timed to coincide

with anniversary celebrations of

Faced with the deteriorating

situation the Contadora group's

foreign ministers met in Panama

City Friday to draw up an agenda

Panamanian foreign ministry

for the weekend summit.

the 1979 revolution on July 19.

Sandinista-ruled Nicaragua,

Power stations affect caviare

MOSCOW (R) - Hydro-electric power stations heing built on the River Volga have drastically reduced the spawning grounds of the sturgeon, supplier of caviare, one of the Soviet Union's best-known delicacies, a newspaper said Sat-

Sovietskaya Rossiya said sturgeon had lost 8S per cent of their natural spawning grounds since work began on several power plants along the Volga.

Although the tonnage of stnrgeon had risen, the amount of caviare they produced had fallen hecause the fish found their way barred to places where they nor-

In Canenn, Mexican pre-

sidential spokesmen said that Mr.

De La Madrid would be the first

leader to arrive here Saturday, fol-

lowed hy Panamanian President

Ricardo De La Espriella. Col-

ombia's Belisario Betancur and

Venezuelan Luis Herrera Cam-

onrful language, Mr. Jackson said:

We do not want to be the Harlem

Globetrotters (haskethall team)

of the Democratic Party, pro-

viding the entertainment and the

soul hut not sharing in pro-

Though he is very popular in the

hlack community, a number of

hlack political leaders are starting

to oppose his candidacy on gro-

unds it might divide Democrats

Supporters of former Vice Pre-

sident Walter Mondale fear a Jac-

kson candidacy would draw hlack

voter support away from their

Political professionals give Mr. Jackson virtually no chance of

winning the Democratic nom-

mation, let alone the presidency in a country that is nearly 90 per cent

and help re-elect Mr. Reagan.

prictorship."

mally spawned.

sources said the ministers studied items for discussion such as disarmament in Central America and a call for a ceasefire in convulsed

WASHINGTON (R) — Creatures from outer space are being held prisoner by the United States

Parrot swears wrong oath

Michael swore an oath in court here of the wrong kind, telling three magistrates: "F... off." The African grey parrot was produced as an exhibit in a case against a petshop owner accused of selling a similar parrot which refused to talk at all. The case was dismissed. After the hearing Michael ran through his 200-word vocabulary. much of it rude, for the henefit of

The small town of Suchitoto, a constant focus of insurgent attacks in El Salvador's civil war, celebrated its 125th anniversary Friday as government troops began a new anti-guerrilla drive in the

President Alvaro Magana and constituent assembly leader Roherto D'aubuisson went by helicopter to the town 45 kilometres north of San Salvador in attend anniversary parades.

Leftist guerrillas have freinto Suchitoto, cutting off water way to go.

Salvadorean Archbishop Art-

uro Rivera Y. Damas tald the government leaders at a special anniversary mass in Suchitoto church that the government must tackle social injustice, which he said was the cause of the violence. to resolve the country's conflicts.

press conference Friday night that El Salvador's human rights record

Ex-Argentine president,

His former interior minister, Gen. Albano Harguindesuy, has also been notified by Judge Dibur that he will be tried in connection with Mr. Menem's detention, the

by Mr. Menem, the Peronist leader in Argentina's western Rioja Province. Although he is now free, Mr. Monem has spent almost five years in detention without trial since the armed forces seized

aide to be put on trial BUENOS AIRES (R) - An

Argentine judge has ordered former President Jorge Videla and. his interior minister to stand trial on accusations that Peronist leader Carlos Menem was illegally jailed in 1980, court sources said

The move by Federal Judge lose Dibur could result in Gen. Videla heing jailed for up to two years if formal charges are brought against him and he is found: guilty, the sources added.

action against 'sex tapes' lawyer LOS ANGELES (R) - Police demeannur cannnt. under Cal- House counsel Fred Fielding and, ifornia law, be punished hy imp-

have recommended that criminal action should be considered against lawyer Rubert Steinberg for claiming that films showing senior Reagan administration officials in sex acts had been stnlen from his

seen a showing of the films, reported on Tuesday they had been taken from a tennis hag in his office in the exclusive Beverly Hills district of Los Angeles. In the latest twist in the sex films

since last Mnnday, a statement issued Friday night by Beverly Hills police said: their investigation of Mr. Sre-

films from his office. "The results of this investigation have been submitted to deputy district attorney (prosecutor) Stanley Weisberg with a recommendation to consider a criminal filing against Mr. Ste-inherg for making a false police

"False reporting is a criminal offence and is punishable as a mis-

A police sergeant added that a crime considered only a misrisonment and usually results in a Police did not explain the hasis

for their recommendation. Mr. Steinberg, 46, hit the headlines on Monday when he said he had seen sex films involving two administration officials of amhassadorial rank. a congressman and two prominent husinessmen

"who gn hack 20 years (with President Reagan)." Others in the films, he said, included the late Alfred Bloomingdale, a multimillionaire who was a member of Mr. Resgan's so-called "kitchen cabinet" of advisers, his former lover, exactress Vicki Morgan who was murdered last week, and three

other women. He said he had been given the films by a "mystery woman" who wanted them to be used to help hargain for a 33-year-old unemplnyed clerk, Marvin Pancoast. charged with Ms. Morgan's mur-

The films included natural sex "as we know it" and some sadomasochistic sex, Mr. Steinberg

films over to the prosecutor's office in Los Angeles. Soon afterwards he reported

hy a reporter he did not identify. Leonard Levine, a lawyer appointed by Mr. Steinherg to look after his interests concerning the films, told reporters Friday: "Mr. Steinberg has not heen formally charged with anything. If he had, I would enmment on it."

YATSUSHIRO, Japan (R) - A man who has spent the past 34 vears in jail was freed after a court quashed his conviction on a douhle murder charge. "Thank you everybody. I can return to free society through your efforts," Sakae Menda, 57, told wellwishers when he left the courthouse in this southern city. The judge ruled that Menda's alibi -that he was staying at an inn with a prostitute on the night of the murders in December 1949 - had

Black civil rights leader aims for White House DETROIT (R) — Black civil young people and peace activists. rights leader Jesse Jackson said A Baptist minister given to col-

of El Salvador's former amb- kesman said an investigation into rights leader Jesse Jackson said Friday he may join the opposition Democratic Party's presidential nomination race and help lead up and driven to Washington in a real estate agent. looked comhlacks "from the out-house to the posed when she appreared with White House."

her hushand to describe her six He was addressing the closing session of a Democratic National "I was trussed up like a tha-Committee (DNC) meeting on his aksgiving turkcy, my cyes were current crusade to register milbandaged, a rope was thrown around my neck and my shoulders lions of potential hlack voters for the 1984 elections across the U.S. South. "I was very, very scared. I kic-

He said with white support hlack candidates could win high office everywhere. "We can march right now from

the out-house to the White House," he said, referring to the poverty that still forces some rural hlacks to use outdoor plumbing. At a news conference later, he

said he hoped to decide by September whether he had the money and voter backing for an effective presidential candidacy.

Mr. Jackson said he would win with support from a "rainbow coalition" of hlacks, whites, Spanishspeaking or other minorities.

Salvador offensive launched

Departing U.S. amhassador Deane Hinton told a farewell

sources said.

The present case was initiated

or a short suit, and so on. Some auctions try out for a trump lead. If your aide has shown a considerable amount of strength hut the op-

The deal would not have come concrete retaliatory action.

won't make too much fuss." one diplomat commented.

in its internal affairs. A Chinese foreign ministry

have drowned, hut anti-flood patrnls had limited the damage.

added.

The agency said the railway line connecting Chengdu and Chongqing, the two higgest cities in the populous province of Sichuan. as well as that linking the central

5 Filipino refugees killed KOTA KINABALU. Malaysia have been sent of Moro leaders in

missed their real targets.

Typhoon kills 16 MANILA (R) - Typhoon Vera swept out towards southern China Saturday after killing 16 people

destruction through the Philippines. At least 25,000 people, including many whose shanties were blown down hy winds of up to 120 kph and threatened hy flunding, sought shelter in

huildings and police stations. The Philippines news agency quoted the provincial governor as saying damage to coconuts and nther crops in Quezon Province was estimated at 10 millinn pesos

GOREN BRIDGE BY CHARLES GOREN

© 1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc. DEAR MR. GOREN

Q. —I think I could win a tidy sum of mnney even at the modest stake at which I play - if I never had to make an opening lead. It seems that every time it is my epening lead I find the one card that given my opponent the contract. I weuld gladly make you an absentee partner in my game if you could help me out. - R. Mallozzi.

Bridgeport, Conn. (This question has been awarded the weekly prize. A .- Thank you for your offer, but I am not sure that I can afford it! I can unly presume that you are inclined to take an occasional nan at the table, because being a good opening leader simply means you must listen to what the opponents tell you during the auction and act on

I do not intend in this column to go into anything as plehian as which card to lead-top of a sequence, fourth best, etc. Instead, I'll try to ahow you what to look and listen for to dictate whether you ahould lead a trump or a plain auit, a long

ing the hand along crossruff lines. Again, lead a trump. Here's another ohvioua case for a trump lead. Suppose that declarer, after having had his suit raised, hida no trump and gets corrected back to his auit. Obvinusly, dummy expecta to score some ruffs, and a trump lead might thwart that.

I have often heard defenders say: "When in dnubt, lead trumps!" That is the worst reason for leading a trump that I can think of. However, in cases where no other lead looks attractiva, a trump ia a reasonable choice—it is the least likely to do harm to your cause. Lastly, if you have to

decide whether to lead your

auit or partner's, choose part-

nar's. If you lead your auit and his suit would have defeated the hand, you have struck a mortal blow to partnership confidence. But if you lead his suit and youra would have defeated the hand, it is simply unlucky. We have run out of space.

and the subject is not finish-

ed. We will continue in two

U.S. police recommend criminal

Mr. Steinherg, who says he had

saga that has gripped America

"Detectives have completed inherg's allegations of the theft of

Mr. Steinberg told reporters on Tuesday he had telephoned White | been substantiated.

nn his advice, would hand the

the films had disappeared and, later, said they had been removed

34 years in jail for wrong conviction

He has attracted between eight and 10 per cent support in opinion poils asking Democrats their pre-ference of presidential candidates

SUCHITOTO. El Salvador (R) - and food supplies for days at a

quently occupied the road leading was improving but still had a long

NEWS

BRIEF

Welsh town survives

organ with a pupil, Dewn Pyc. 16, said he would never play it again.

USAF accused of detaining aliens

Wright-Patterson air force base at Dayton, Ohio.

contains human flesh

required proof that a human was murdered for a conviction. Andhra Pradesh strike begins NEW DELHI (R) - Gov-